MSXE331x soap api functions

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Contents

Chapter 1

Introduction

MainRevision:

1.1 Introduction

This documentation describes the SOAP functions and gives software hints to work with the MSX-E systems. Following documentations can be found under **Modules**.

SOAP means Simple Object Access Protocol. This protocol enables to use the MSX-E software functions over Ethernet. It is providing **Web Services** that can easily be consumed in many programming languages like C, C++, C#, VB.Net... With the SOAP functions, all functionalities of the MSX-E system can be managed / configured / monitored.

1.2 Remark: SOAP functions prototypes

In some programming languages, SOAP functions names and parameters could be different as those described in this documentation. Please see to software_hints

Chapter 2

Module Documentation

2.1 MSX-E331x functions

Modules

- MSX-E331x Acquisition functions

  Contain the acquisition information and initialisation functions.

- MSX-E331x Pressure functions

  Contain the Pressure initialisation and diagnostic functions.

2.2 Common functions

Modules

- Common general functions

  Various utility functions, mainly to identify a remote system.

- Common temperature functions

  These functions deals with the internal temperature sub-system.

- Common hardware trigger functions

  These functions allow to set and request the current value of the hardware trigger.

- Common security functions

  The "customer key" feature may for instance be used by a customer to be sure that his application communicates only with certified MSX-E modules.

- Common time functions

  A MSX-E module provides a "system clock" that may be in the simplest case set by the function MXCommon__SetTime().

- Common I/O auto configuration functions

On the web site of some MSX-E module, there is the possibility to define an auto-configuration and auto start of the I/O.

- Common synchronisation timer functions

  When modules are linked through a "synchronisation bus", the master can run a timer that generate a "synchro signal" on the slaves when overrun.

- Set/Backup/Restore general system configuration

  Distinct of the I/O auto-configuration/auto-start functionality, these functions allows to manipulate the general system configuration.

- System state management

  Every MSX-E modules are composed of several sub-systems that work together to provide the system functionalities.

- Customer option management

  Enable to get informations about the options of the system.

- Synchronisation management

  Manage the synchronisation state of the system.

2.3 Common general functions

Various utility functions, mainly to identify a remote system.

Functions

- int MXCommon__GetModuleType (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  This function return the type of the MSX-E Module.

- int MXCommon__GetHostname (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  This function return the hostname of the MSX-E Module.

- int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary *bHostname, struct MXCommon__-Response *Response)

  This function allows to set the hostname of the MSX-E Module.

- int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  This function return the client connection list.

- int MXCommon__Strerror (xsd__int errnum, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  Call the libc strerror() on the remote device (actually this is a call to strerror_r()).

- int MXCommon__Reboot (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Ask the MSX-E module to reboot.

- int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Reset the I/O functionalities of the MSX-E system.

- int MXCommon__DataserverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong ulAction, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Restart the data-server service.

- int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse *Response)

  Get MSX-E Ethernet links states.

2.3.1 Function Documentation

2.3.1.1 int MXCommon__GetModuleType (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sArray : Module type string
- sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.3.1.2 int MXCommon__GetHostname (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sArray : Hostname of the module
- iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.3.1.3 int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary * *bHostname*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***bHostname*** : Hostname

[out] ***Response*** • iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error (see syserrno)
  • syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.3.1.4 int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : no input parameter

[out] ***Response*** • sArray : string containing the list of connected clients.
  • sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

The sArray string is of the form IP-Address:first connection-second connection---- IP-Address:first connection-second connection----

Sample: 172.16.3.43:8989-5555 172.16.3.200:8989

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.3.1.5 int MXCommon__Strerror (xsd__int *errnum*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Usually SOAP functions return this value in a variable named syserror, which is meaningful only when the function return value, usually called iReturnValue, indicate an error (that is, have a value of -1 or -100, depending of the case).

Parameters

[in] ***errnum*** : Error number

[out] ***Response*** • sArray : See the description below.
  • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
    – 0 : success
    – -1: system error (see syserrno).

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

```
STRERROR(3)                                                    Linux Programmer's Manual
STRERROR(3)

NAME
strerror, strerror_r - return string describing error code

SYNOPSIS
#include <string.h>

char *strerror(int errnum);

#define _XOPEN_SOURCE 600
#include <string.h>

int strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);

DESCRIPTION
The  strerror() function returns a string describing the error code passed
in the argument errnum,possibly using the LC_MESSAGES part of the current
locale to select the appropriate language.
This string must not be modified by the application, but may be modified
by a subsequent call to perror() or strerror().  No library  function will
modify this string.

The strerror_r() function is similar to strerror(), but is thread safe.
It returns the string in the user-supplied buffer buf of length n.

RETURN VALUE
The strerror() function returns the appropriate error description string,
or an unknown error message if the error code is unknown.
The value of errno is not changed for a successful call, and is set to a non-zero
value upon error.
The strerror_r() function returns 0 on success and -1 on failure, setting errno.

ERRORS
EINVAL The value of errnum is not a valid error number.

ERANGE Insufficient storage was supplied to contain the error description string.

CONFORMING TO
SVID 3, POSIX, 4.3BSD, ISO/IEC 9899:1990 (C89).
strerror_r() with prototype as given above is specified by SUSv3,
and was in use under Digital Unix and HP Unix. An incompatible function,
with prototype

char *strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);

is a GNU extension used by glibc (since 2.0), and must be regarded as obsolete
in view of SUSv3.
The GNU version may, but need not, use the user-supplied buffer.
If it does, the result may be truncated in case the supplied buffer is too small.
The result is always NUL-terminated.

SEE ALSO
errno(3), perror(3), strsignal(3)
```

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.3.1.6 int MXCommon__Reboot (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : no input parameter

[out] ***Response*** • iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
- -1: system error (see syserrno)

• syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.3.1.7 int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

The behavior of the function depends on the MSX-E system that is used.

```
On MSX-E3511: Stop the watchdogs and stop the generators
On MSX-E3601: Stop the sequence acquisition and stop the calibration
On MSX-E3701: Stop the acquisition
```

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response iReturnValue***
- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- **-100** Function not supported by the system

syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.3.1.8 int MXCommon__DataserverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong *ulAction*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulAction*** : action
- 0: normal restart
- 1: with cache file reset
- 2: with cache file deletion

[in] ***ulOption*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** • iReturnValue : Return value

  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__-Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

Note

(revision>6386) Depending on the system type, can be used to restart the data-recv service as well. In this case, parameter action is ignored.

2.3.1.9 int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** Structure that contains the MSX-E Ethernet links states and errors:

sResponse.iReturnValue

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** Fail to get Ethernet links states
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

sPort0: Fisrt port informations

- **ulState**
  - **0** Link down
  - **1** Link up
- **ulSpeed**
  - **10** 10 Mb/s
  - **100** 100 Mb/s
- **ulDuplex**
  - **0** Half duplex
  - **1** Full duplex
- **ulInfo1** Reserverd
- **ulInfo2** Reserverd

sPort1: Second port informations

- **ulState**
  - **0** Link down
  - **1** Link up
- **ulSpeed**
  - **10** 10 Mb/s
  - **100** 100 Mb/s
- **ulDuplex**

  - **0** Half duplex
  - **1** Full duplex
- **ulInfo1** Reserverd
- **ulInfo2** Reserverd

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.4 Common temperature functions

These functions deals with the internal temperature sub-system.

Data Structures

- struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse

Functions

- int MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse *Response)

  Read the temperature on the module.

- int MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels (xsd__double dMinimalWarningLevel, xsd__double dMaximalWarningLevel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__-Response *Response)

  Set the temperature warning level on the module.

2.4.1 Detailed Description

The role of this sub-system is to monitor the internal temperature of a module and issue a warning if it is below or above a threshold. If the internal temperature reaches a domain where the system is endangered, it switches automatically in a degraded working mode.

2.4.2 Function Documentation

2.4.2.1 int MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption*** : Reserved

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
  - dValue : Temperature value in Degree Celsius
- ulTemperatureStatus : Temperature Status :
  - TEMPERATURE_INITIAL = 0 : Temperature not ready
  - TEMPERATURE_TOOLOW = 1 : Temperature too low !
  - TEMPERATURE_LOW = 2 : Temperature under the min warning value
  - TEMPERATURE_NOMINAL = 3 : Temperature in the nominal range
  - TEMPERATURE_HIGH = 4 : Temperature over the max warning value
  - TEMPERATURE_TOOHIGH = 5 : Temperature too high !

- ulInfo : Reserved

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.4.2.2 int MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels (xsd__double *dMinimalWarningLevel*, xsd__double *dMaximalWarningLevel*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***dMinimalWarningLevel*** : Minimal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius

`[in]` ***dMaximalWarningLevel*** : Maximal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius

`[in]` ***ulOption*** : Reserved

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.5 Common hardware trigger functions

These functions allow to set and request the current value of the hardware trigger.

Data Structures

- struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse

Functions

- int MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulFilterTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).

- int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse *Response)

  Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input.

- int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse *Response)

  Get the hardware trigger state after the filter.

2.5.1 Function Documentation

2.5.1.1 int MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong *ulFilterTime,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulFilterTime*** Filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250ns (max value : 65535).

- **0**: Disable the filter
- **1**: Sets the filter time to 250 ns
- **2**: Sets the filter time to 500 ns
- ...
- **65535**: Sets the filter time to 16 ms

`[in]` ***ulOption*** Reserved. Set to 0

`[out]` ***Response*** Response of the system

- ***sResponse.iReturnValue***
  - **0**: The remote function performed OK
  - **-1**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- ***sResponse.syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.5.1.2 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption,* struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse * *Response*)

Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input in **250ns** step (max value : 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption*** Reserved. Set to 0

`[out]` ***Response*** Response of the system

- ***ulFilterTime*** filter time for the hardware trigger input
  - **0**: filter disabled
  - **1**: filter of 250ns
  - **2**: filter of 500ns
  - ...
  - **65535**: filter of 16ms
- ***sResponse.iReturnValue***
  - **0**: The remote function performed OK
  - **-1**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- ***sResponse.syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.5.1.3 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption,* struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption*** : Reserved

`[out]` ***Response***

- ulState : Hardware trigger input state.
  - 0: Hardware trigger input is low
  - 1: Hardware trigger input is high.
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.6 Common security functions

The "customer key" feature may for instance be used by a customer to be sure that his application communicates only with certified MSX-E modules.

Data Structures

- struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse

Functions

- int MXCommon__SetCustomerKey (struct xsd__base64Binary *bKey, struct xsd__base64Binary *bPublicKey, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the Customer key.

- int MXCommon__TestCustomerID (void *_, struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse *Response)

  Test the Customer ID (if the module has the right customer Key).

2.6.1 Detailed Description

A "customer key" consists of two strings of data stored on the certified MSX-E module, to be used by the function MXCommon__TestCustomerID() to encrypt data.

These strings can not be read back. They are supposed to be kept secret by the user of this functionality.

To test if the MSX-E module you use is certified, you can request the MSX-E module to provide a set of randomly generated data and the result of the encryption (through the use of the stored "customer key") of the same data. Then your application must encrypt the delivered random data with its own "customer key" and compare it with the encrypted data delivered by the MSX-E module.

If the results are matching, the MSX-E module is certified for this application.

Detailed presentation of operations:

The user generates and stores on the module two keys (thanks to the software function : MXCommon__SetCustomerKey()). This needs only to be done once:

- A public Key K1 (16 Bytes)
- A private Key K2 (32 Bytes)

When requested (with the software function : MXCommon__TestCustomerID()), the module generates a 16 bytes random value and do an encryption of this value using the two saved keys and the AES algorithm (Rijndael).

The user receives then two arrays of 16 bytes :

- one with a random value [A]
- the second with encrypted random value [B]

[B]=AES([A], K1, K2)

The user performs then the same computation from [A],K1,K2 and compares his result with [B]. If it is the same, it means that the module he is using was already configured with the correct identification token.

The security of the method comes from that even knowing [A] and [B] no one can deduce K1 and K2 back in practical times. ADDI-DATA is not aware of a practical way to remotely retrieve the value of the key stored on a module.

It is the responsibility of the developer of the application to ensure that these tokens are suitably protected. The authorisation of the change of the "customer key" on the MSX-E module can be managed with the web interface.

The use of the "customer key" don't have an impact of the other functionalities of the MSX-E module.

2.6.2 Function Documentation

2.6.2.1 int MXCommon__SetCustomerKey (struct xsd__base64Binary * *bKey*, struct xsd__base64Binary * *bPublicKey*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***bKey*** : Customer key (only writable on the module) [32 bytes containing a AES key]

`[in]` ***bPublicKey*** : IV (Initialisation vector) for the AES cryptography [16 bytes containing a AES key]

`[out]` ***Response***
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.6.2.2 int MXCommon__TestCustomerID (void * _, struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No Input

`[out]` ***Response***
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- bValueArray : non encrypted value array [16 bytes of random data]
- bCryptedValueArray : Encrypted value array [16 bytes of the encrypted random data]

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.7 Common time functions

A MSX-E module provides a "system clock" that may be in the simplest case set by the function MXCommon__SetTime().

Data Structures

- struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse

Functions

- int MXCommon__SetTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the time on the module.

- int MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the hardware clock (if present) to the current system time.

- int MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the system time from the hardware clock (if present).

- int MXCommon__GetTime (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse *Response)

  Get the time on the module.

- int MXCommon__GetUpTime (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse *Response)

  Ask the MSX-E module uptime (number of seconds since the last boot).

2.7.1 Detailed Description

If the module is configured to use NTP, the time received by the NTP server will have a greater priority. If the module is linked to another through a "synchronization bus" and is slave, then the time received from the master is the one taken into account.

Recent models also provide a "hardware clock", a component whose role is to track the time between reboots.

2.7.2 Function Documentation

2.7.2.1 int MXCommon__SetTime (xsd__unsignedLong *ulLowTime*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulHighTime*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulLowTime*** : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second

`[in]` ***ulHighTime*** : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)

`[out]` ***Response***
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.7.2.2 int MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error (see syserrno)
• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

2.7.2.3 int MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

When the hardware clock is present, the system time is automatically set to it when the module becomes master on the inter-module synchronisation bus.

Parameters

`[in]` _ No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error (see syserrno)
• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

2.7.2.4 int MXCommon__GetTime (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success

  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- ulLowTime : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second
- ulHighTime : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.7.2.5 int MXCommon__GetUpTime (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- ulUpTime : Number of seconds since the last boot of the system.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.8 Common I/O auto configuration functions

On the web site of some MSX-E module, there is the possibility to define an auto-configuration and auto start of the I/O.

Data Structures

- struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse

Functions

- int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse *Response)

  Get the auto configuration file of the module.

- int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the auto configuration file of the module.

- int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  start/Restart the auto configuration

2.8.1 Detailed Description

- Auto-configuration means the system configures the I/O automatically at boot time.
- Auto-start means the system starts an acquisition automatically at boot time (this may no make sense for some systems). It implies auto-configuration.

This set of functions allows to:

- get the auto-configuration/start currently set on module, as a read-only binary file.
- set a auto-configuration/start on the module, using a previously saved file.
- start or restart the auto-configuration/start on the module, using the current configuration saved on the module.

2.8.2 Function Documentation

2.8.2.1 int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response***
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
  - -100 : Error of the read of the auto configuration file
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- bArray : Array of Bytes of the file
- ulEOF : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.8.2.2 int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * *ByteArrayInput,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulEOF,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ByteArrayInput*** : Array of Bytes of the file

`[in]` ***ulEOF*** : End of file flag

[out] ***Response***
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.8.2.3 int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : No input parameter

[out] ***Response***
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
  - sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.9 Common synchronisation timer functions

When modules are linked through a "synchronisation bus", the master can run a timer that generate a "synchro signal" on the slaves when overrun.

Functions

- int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulReloadValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfCycle, xsd__unsignedLong ulGenerateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption04, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Initialises and starts the synchronisation timer of the module (not already available on all module).

- int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  start/Restart the synchronisation timer (not already available on all module)

2.9.1 Function Documentation

2.9.1.1 int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong *ulTimeBase,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulReloadValue,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrOfCycle,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulGenerateTriggerMode,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption03,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption04,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulTimeBase*** : Time base of the timer (0 for us, 1 for ms, 2 for s)

[in] ***ulReloadValue*** : Timer reload value (0 to 0xFFFF), minimum reload time is 5 us

[in] ***ulNbrOfCycle*** : Number of timer cycle

- 0: continuous
- > 0: defined number of cycle

[in] ***ulGenerateTriggerMode*** :

- 0: Wait the time overflow to set the synchronisation trigger
- 1: Set the synchronisation trigger by the start of the timer and after each time overflow

[in] ***ulOption01*** : Define the source of the trigger

- 0 : Trigger disabled
- 1 : Enable the hardware digital input trigger

[in] ***ulOption02*** : Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generates a trigger action

- 1 : rising edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 2 : falling edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)

[in] ***ulOption03*** : Define the number of trigger events before the action occur

- 1 : all trigger event start the action
- max value : 65535

[in] ***ulOption04*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
  - -2: not available time base
  - -3: timer reload value can not be greater than 65535
  - -4: minimum time reload is 5 us
  - -5: Number of cycle can not be greater than 65535
  - -6: Generate trigger mode error
  - -100: Init timer error
  - -101: Start timer error

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror(). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.9.1.2 int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption01*** : Reserved

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
- -1: system error (see syserrno)
- -100: Start/Stop timer error

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror(). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.10 Set/Backup/Restore general system configuration

Distinct of the I/O auto-configuration/auto-start functionality, these functions allows to manipulate the general system configuration.

Functions

- int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void *_, struct MXCommon__FileResponse *Response)

  Download a configuration backup file from the module.

- int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Upload a new configuration on the module.

- int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousPassword, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewPassword, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set a new id/password.

2.10.1 Detailed Description

It includes the network configuration, and generally everything that can be set up through the web interface.

These functions have been included to ease the automation of module customisation. They may be disabled using the web interface, in "Security/Remote general system configuration authorisation/remote sysconf changes"

2.10.2 Function Documentation

2.10.2.1 int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void * _, struct MXCommon__FileResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : No input parameter

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno) (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- bArray : Array of Bytes of the file
- ulEOF : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until no more data is available. At this point the flag ulEOF is set.

Below is an example in pseudo-C.

```
int dummy;
struct MXCommon__FileResponse Response;
while(1)
{
if ( MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile(&dummy, &Response) != SOAP_OK)
{
// handle soap error
}
if (Response.iReturnValue)
{
// handle remote error (Response.syserrno contains more information)
}
// do something with the data, for example save it in a file
write(fd, Response.bArray.__ptr, Response.bArray.__size);
// if this is the end of the file, quit the loop
if(Response.ulEOF)
break;
}
*
```

2.10.2.2 int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * *ByteArrayInput*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulEOF*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ByteArrayInput*** : Array of Bytes of the file

[in] ***ulEOF*** : End of file flag

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until all data is transfered. At this point the flag ulEOF must be set to 1. The new configuration is then applied.

2.10.2.3 int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary * *PreviousUser,* struct xsd__base64Binary * *PreviousPassword,* struct xsd__base64Binary * *NewUser,* struct xsd__base64Binary * *NewPassword,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

The changes are immediately active.

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: string PreviousUser is invalid
  - -2: string PreviousPassword is invalid
  - -3: string NewUser is invalid
  - -4: string NewPassword is invalid
  - -5: authentification failed
  - -100: system error while saving tokens (use syserrno for more information)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

Warning

The parameters transit in clear text. Use this functionality only on trusted networks.
Given that ADDI-DATA GmbH takes security seriously, there is no way to change the password without knowing it. No "hidden back-door". This function makes it all too easy to lock a module, if you don't remember the password you set on it.

2.11 System state management

Every MSX-E modules are composed of several sub-systems that work together to provide the system functionalities.

Functions

- int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__-unsignedLongResponse ∗Response)

  Returns the current state of the specified sub-system.

- int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary ∗SubsystemName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse ∗Response)

  Returns the ID of the sub-system of symbolic name "SubsystemName".

- int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct xsd__-base64Binary ∗StateName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse ∗Response)

  Returns the ID of the state of symbolic name "StateName" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".

- int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse ∗Response)

  Returns the symbolic name of the sub-system of numerical ID "SubsystemName".

- int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, xsd__unsignedLong StateID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse ∗Response)

  Returns the symbolic name of the state of numerical ID "StateID" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".

2.11.1 Detailed Description

These sub-systems have a state that, for example, indicate if it functions nominally.

A sub-system is identified by its ID (a positive integer) and its symbolic name. Each state in the set of possible states for a given sub-system has also an ID and a symbolic name.

Names are less likely to change between releases of the MSX-E operating system. That is why manipulating names should be preferred against indexes in an application. Still, manipulating ID is more efficient.

The functions in this section provide a way to retrieve the association between names and indexes. MXCommon__GetSubSystemState() requests the state of a given sub-system.

Notice that the event manager is the recommended way to be warned of a change of state.

The list of sub-systems and their ID and associated name can be consulted on the web site of the module.

2.11.2 Function Documentation

2.11.2.1 int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID,* struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse ∗ *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
  - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemID

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

- Value The state of the sub-system "Id" at the moment of the execution of the request.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.11.2.2 int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary * *SubsystemName*, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***SubsystemName*** sub-system symbolic name.

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue :Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
  - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemName
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- Value The numerical ID of the sub-system "SubsystemName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.11.2.3 int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID*, struct xsd__base64Binary * *StateName*, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID

`[in]` ***StateName*** state symbolic name.

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
  - -2: invalid parameters SubsystemID or StateName
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- Value The numerical ID of the state "StateName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.11.2.4 int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID.

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
  – -2: invalid parameter SubsystemName
  • sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
  • sArray : The symbolic name associated with the ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.11.2.5 int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID*, xsd__unsignedLong *StateID*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID.

[in] ***StateID*** sub-system numerical ID.

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 success
  – -1 system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
  – -2 invalid parameters SubsystemID or StateID
  • sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
  • sArray The symbolic name associated with the state numerical ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.12 Customer option management

Enable to get informations about the options of the system.

Functions

- int MXCommon__GetOptionInformation (void *_, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  Enables to get information about the options available on the system.

2.12.1 Function Documentation

2.12.1.1 int MXCommon__GetOptionInformation (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption01,:*** not used, set it to 0

[in] ***ulOption02,:*** not used, set it to 0

[out] ***Response*** • sArray : Option information string
• sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.13 Synchronisation management

Manage the synchronisation state of the system.

Functions

- int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void *_, xsd__unsignedLong ulState, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Writes if the MSXE has to be always set to master The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.

- int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void *_, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Reads the status of the synchronization for the corresponding MSXE The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.

2.13.1 Function Documentation

2.13.1.1 int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong *ulState*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulState*** State of the supermaster mode
- **0** automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
- **1** Set to master mode at all time. The system will always be detected as master

[in] ***ulOption01*** Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption02*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** ***iReturnValue***

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** The PLD is not working
- **-3** The ulFilterTime parameter is wrong
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno ***syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.13.1.2 int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02*, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption01*** Reserved. Set to 0

`[in]` ***ulOption02*** Reserved. Set to 0

`[out]` ***Response*** ***sResponse.iReturnValue***

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** The PLD is not working
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue State of the supermaster mode

- **0** Automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
- **1** MSXE is always set as a master. The system will always be detected as master

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.14 MSX-E331x Acquisition functions

Contain the acquisition information and initialisation functions.

Modules

- MSX-E331x Acquisition information functions

  Contain the acquisition information functions.

- MSX-E331x Autorefresh functions

  In the auto refresh mode the measurement value is updated automatically after each acquisition.

- MSX-E331x Sequence functions

  A sequence is a list of channels (max 16) that are acquired.

2.15 MSX-E331x Acquisition information functions

Contain the acquisition information functions.

Data Structures

- struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse

Functions

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Return the number of acquisition channels.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfo (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse *Response)

  Return the selected acquisition channel type and hardware position.

2.15.1 Function Documentation

2.15.1.1 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

`[out]` ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred
- -100: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue : Number of available acquisition channels

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.15.1.2 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfo (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannel*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannel*** : Selected acquisition channel

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -100: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulType : Acquisition channel type

- 0 : Not available
- 1 : Temperature channel
- 2 : Pressure channel
- 3 : Transducer channel
- 4 : Analog input channel
- 5 : Analog input ICP channel
- 6 : Digital I/O port

ulHwPosition : Hardware position index (0 to 7) ***ulChannelIndex :*** Return the functionality channel index

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.16 MSX-E331x Autorefresh functions

In the auto refresh mode the measurement value is updated automatically after each acquisition.

Data Structures

- struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse

Functions

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulAverageValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulRefreshTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulRefreshTimeUnit, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire, xsd__unsignedLong ulDataFormat, xsd__unsignedLong ulForceStart, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption3, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

Starts an autorefresh acquisition using provided configuration.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValues (xsd__unsignedLong ulBlocking, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse *Response)

  Reads the values acquired in auto refresh mode.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshStopAndRelease (void *_, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Stops the current auto refresh acquisition.

2.16.1 Detailed Description

The acquisition is initialised and the values of each channels are stored in memory on the Ethernet E/A module MSX-E331x.

The PC reads the data asynchronously to the acquisition via the data socket or a SOAP function.

You can define a mask of all channels that should be acquired.

In the auto refresh mode you can activate the channel average value computation on the module

You can start the acquisition by a hardware trigger or a synchro trigger.

The hardware trigger can react to a rising wave, falling wave or both edges.

You have the following possibility:

- Defining a number of edges before a trigger action is generated

There are two trigger modes:(for the hardware or synchro trigger)

a) One shot

b) Sequence

a) One shot:

After the software start, the module is waiting for a trigger signal to start the

acquisition. After this the trigger signal is ignored.

b) Sequence:

After the software start the module is waiting for the trigger signal and acquires x

sequences (also adjustable) and then wait again.

2.16.2 Function Documentation

2.16.2.1 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannelMask*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulAverageValue*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulRefreshTime*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulRefreshTimeUnit*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMask*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMode*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerEdge*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerCount*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulDataFormat*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulForceStart*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption2*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption3*, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannelMask*** Mask of the channel to acquire by the auto refresh (1 bit = 1 Channel). 0 for all available acquisition channels

[in] ***ulAverageValue*** Set the average value :

- 1 : not used
- max value : 255

[in] ***ulRefreshTimeUnit*** Refresh Time Unit

- 0 : microsecond
- 1 : millisecond
- 2 : second

[in] ***ulRefreshTime*** Refresh Time

- range from min 1000 to 65535 when the unit is the microsecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the millisecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the second

[in] ***ulTriggerMask*** Define the source of the trigger

- 0 : trigger disabled
- 1 : Enable Hardware Digital Input Trigger
- 2 : Enable Synchro Trigger
- 4 : Enable Compare Trigger (only useful if your system has incremental counter or Sine/-Cosine input)
- 8 : Enable Index Trigger (only useful if your system has Sine/Cosine input)

[in] ***ulTriggerMode*** Define the trigger mode

- 1 : One shot trigger
- 2 : Sequence trigger

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerEdge*** Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generates a trigger action

- 1 : rising edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 2 : falling edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerCount*** Define the number of trigger events before the action occur

- 1 : all trigger event start the action
- max value : 65535

[in] ***ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire*** Define the number of sequence to acquire by each trigger event

- 0 : continuous mode

- <> 0 : number of sequence : (1..0xFFFFFFFF)

D0 : Absolute Time stamp information

[in] ***ulDataFormat***

- 0 : no time stamp information
- 1 : time stamp information

D1 : Relative Time stamp information

- 0 : no time stamp information
- 1 : time stamp information

D2 : Auto refresh counter information

- 0 : No auto refresh counter information
- 1 : Auto refresh counter information

D3 : System status information

- 0 : No system status information required
- 1 : System status information required

D4 : Data format

- 0: Digital value (see technical description)
- 1: Analog value (see technical description)

You can not select both absolute and relative time stamp simultaneously

[in] ***ulForceStart*** :

- 0 : Function return a error if any acquisition already in progress
- 1 : If any acquisition in progress then stop this

[in] ***ulOption1*** Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption2*** Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption3*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Any acquisition already in progress
- -3: Any selected channel not OK, call the diagnostic function for more information
- -4: Channel Mask error
- -5: Not available average value
- -6: Not available refresh time unit
- -7: The minimal refresh time is 1000 us !
- -8: The maximal refresh time is 65535 !
- -9: Trigger mask not available
- -10: Trigger mask : 2 different trigger source cannot be simultaneously be activated
- -11: Trigger mode not available
- -12: Trigger mask : 2 trigger mode cannot be simultaneously activated
- -13: Hardware trigger : front definition error
- -14: Hardware trigger count value not available
- -15: Nbr of sequence to acquire by trigger mode not available
- -16: Data format not available
- -17: Selected channels combination not available
- -100: Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.16.2.2 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValues (xsd__unsignedLong *ulBlocking*, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse * *Response*)

Reads the values acquired in auto refresh mode.

Parameters

[in] ***ulBlocking*** Wait a new value or read the actual value

- **0**: Get the current auto refresh values
- **1**: Wait a new auto refresh value cycle

[out] ***Response*** Response of the system

- ***iReturnValue***
  - **0**: The remote function performed OK
  - **-1**: Means an system error occurred
  - **-2**: No Acquisition in progress
  - **-3**: 2s timeout occurred. This if you have enabled the blocking mode.
  - **-4**: 2s timeout occurred. This if you do not have enabled the blocking mode, and if the first value is not available.
  - **-100**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- ***syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)
- ***ulTimeStampLow*** number of microseconds since the Epoch
- ***ulTimeStampHigh*** number of seconds since the Epoch
- ***ulCounterValue*** counter value
- ***dValue*** Array that contains the channels values
  - ***dValue[0]*** Value of channel 0
  - ...
  - ***dValue[15]*** Value of channel 15

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.16.2.3 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshStopAndRelease (void * _, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ Dummy parameter

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -100: Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

Must be called before any another call to MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshInitAndStart.

2.17 MSX-E331x Sequence functions

A sequence is a list of channels (max 16) that are acquired.

Data Structures

- struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam

Functions

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfChannel, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam *psChannelList, xsd__unsignedLong ulAcquisitionTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulAcquisitionTimeUnit, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfSequence, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrMaxSequenceToTransfer, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire, xsd__unsignedLong ulDataFormat, xsd__unsignedLong ulForceStart, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption3, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Initialises and starts the sequence acquisition mode.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceStopAndRelease (void *_, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Stop and release the sequence acquisition mode.

2.17.1 Detailed Description

It can be any order of the channels in this list.

There are different sequence modes:

- Certain number of sequences / continuous

a) Certain number of sequences:

After the acquisition of the defined number of sequences, the acquisition is stopped automatically.

b) Continuous:

The sequences are acquired continuously until a software-stop-command occurs.

You can start the acquisition by a hardware or synchro trigger.

The hardware trigger can react to a rising, falling or both edges.

You have the following possibility:

- Defining a number of edges before a trigger action is generated

There are two trigger modes (for the hardware or synchro trigger):

a) One shot

b) Sequence

a) One shot:

After the software start, the module is waiting for a trigger signal to start the acquisition. After this the trigger signal is ignored.

b) Sequence:

After the software start the module is waiting for the trigger signal and acquires x sequences (also adjustable) and then wait again.

2.17.2 Function Documentation

2.17.2.1 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrOfChannel,* struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam * *psChannelList,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulAcquisitionTime,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulAcquisitionTimeUnit,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrOfSequence,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrMaxSequenceToTransfer,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMask,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMode,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerEdge,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerCount,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulDataFormat,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulForceStart,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption2,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption3,* struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Initialises and starts the sequence acquisition mode.

Parameters

[in] ***ulNbrOfChannel*** : Nbr of channel in the sequence

[in] ***psChannelList*** : List of the channel who compose the sequence.

[in] ***ulAcquisitionTime*** : Acquisition Time

- range from min 1000 to 65535 when the unit is the microsecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the millisecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the second

[in] ***ulAcquisitionTimeUnit*** : Acquisition Time Unit

- 0 : us
- 1 : ms
- 2 : s

[in] ***ulNbrOfSequence*** : Number of sequence to acquire :

- 0 : continuous mode
- <> 0 : number of sequence

[in] ***ulNbrMaxSequenceToTransfer*** : Max nbr of sequence to acquire before a data transfer : (1,4096)

[in] ***ulTriggerMask*** : Define the source of the trigger

- 0 : trigger disabled
- 1 : Enable Hardware Digital Input Trigger
- 2 : Enable Synchro Trigger
- 4 : Enable Compare Trigger (only useful if your system has incremental counter or Sine/-Cosine input)
- 8 : Enable Index Trigger (only useful if your system has Sine/Cosine input)

[in] ***ulTriggerMode*** : Define the trigger mode

- 1 : One shot trigger
- 2 : Sequence trigger

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerEdge*** : Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generate a trigger action

- 1 : rising front (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 2 : falling front (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerCount*** Define the number of trigger events before the action occur

- 1 : all trigger event start the action
- max value : 65535

[in] ***ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire*** : define the number of sequence to acquire by each trigger event

- 0 : continuous mode
- <> 0 : number of sequence : (1..0xFFFFFFFF)

[in] ***ulDataFormat*** : Data format option

D0 : Absolute Time stamp information

- 0 : no time stamp information
- 1 : time stamp information

D1 : Relative Time stamp information

- 0 : no time stamp information
- 1 : time stamp information

D2 : Sequence counter information

- 0 : No sequence counter information
- 1 : Sequence counter information

D3 : System status information

- 0 : No system status information required
- 1 : System status information required

D4 : Data format

- 0: Digital value (see technical description)
- 1: Analog value (see technical description)

You can not select both absolute and relative time stamp simultaneously

[in] ***ulForceStart*** :

- 0 : Function return a error if any acquisition already in progress
- 1 : If any acquisition in progress then stop this

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption2*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption3*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Any acquisition already in progress
- -3: The nbr of channel in the sequence is null or to high
- -4: Channel index selection error
- -5: Channel already selected
- -6: Any selected channel not OK, call the diagnostic function for more information
- -7: Not available acquisition time unit
- -8: The minimal acquisition time is 1000 us !
- -9: The maximal acquisition time is 65535 !
- -10: Transfer sequence size error (1 to 4096) !
- -11: The total number of sequences is not a multiple from number of sequences to transfer
- -12: Trigger mask not available
- -13: Trigger mask : 2 different trigger source cannot be simultaneously be activated
- -14: Trigger mode not available
- -15: Trigger mask : 2 trigger mode cannot be simultaneously be activated
- -16: Hardware trigger : front definition error
- -17: Hardware trigger count value not available
- -18: Nbr of sequence to acquire by trigger mode not available
- -19: Data format not available
- -20: Selected channels combination not available
- -100: Start sequence kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.17.2.2 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceStopAndRelease (void * _, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : no input parameter

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK

- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: No sequence acquisition in progress
- -100: Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.18 MSX-E331x Pressure functions

Contain the Pressure initialisation and diagnostic functions.

Modules

- MSX-E331x Pressure initialisation/information functions

  Contain the Pressure initialisation/information functions.

2.19 MSX-E331x Pressure initialisation/information functions

Contain the Pressure initialisation/information functions.

Data Structures

- struct MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse

Functions

- int MSXExxxx__PressureGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Return the number of pressure channels.

- int MSXExxxx__PressureSetChannelConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__double dSensorSensibility, xsd__double dSensorOffset, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Pressure sensor configuration for the selected channel.

- int MSXExxxx__PressureSetSamplingRate (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelGroup, xsd__unsignedLong ulBaseSamplingRate, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Pressure acquisition sampling rate selection.

- int MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse *Response)

  Get the selected pressure channel current configuration.

2.19.1 Function Documentation

2.19.1.1 int MSXExxxx__PressureGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue : Number of available pressure channels

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.2 int MSXExxxx__PressureSetChannelConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannel*, xsd__double *dSensorSensibility*, xsd__double *dSensorOffset*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Remarks

For MSXE with pressure functionality :

- Before revision 6982 the dSensorOffset parameter is given in mV.
  Pressure value (in Unit) = (AnalogValue (mV) - dSensorOffset (mV)) / (BridgeSupply (V) * dSensorSensibility(mV / V / Unit))
- Since revision 6982 the dSensorOffset parameter is given in Unit instead of mV.
  Pressure value (in Unit) = (AnalogValue (mV)) / (BridgeSupply (V) * dSensorSensibility(mV / V / Unit)) - dSensorOffset (Unit)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannel*** : Channel selection (0 to 15 or 255 for all channels)

[in] ***dSensorSensibility*** : Sensor sensibility (mV/V/bar or mV/V/mbar or mV/V/Pa, ...). Refer to sensor documentation

[in] ***dSensorOffset*** : Sensor offset in unit (bar/Newton/Pa/Psi...) that depends on the sensor Refer to sensor documentation

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -3: Sensor sensibility selection wrong
- -4: Acquisition in progress. Can not change the configuration

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.3 int MSXExxxx__PressureSetSamplingRate (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannelGroup*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulBaseSamplingRate*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannelGroup*** : Channel group selection.

- 0 for channels 0 and 1
- 1 for channels 2 and 3
- 2 for channels 4 and 5
- 3 for channels 6 and 7
- 4 for channels 8 and 9
- 5 for channels 10 and 11
- 6 for channels 12 and 13
- 7 for channels 14 and 15
- ...
- 255 for all channels

[in] ***ulBaseSamplingRate*** : Sampling rate selection

- 5 for 5Hz
- 10 for 10Hz
- 20 for 20Hz
- 40 for 40Hz
- 80 for 80Hz
- 160 for 160Hz
- 320 for 320Hz
- 640 for 640Hz
- 1000 for 1000Hz
- 2000 for 2000Hz

If only one channel is used then the real sampling rate is ulBaseSamplingRate / 2
If all 2 channels are used then the real sampling rate is ulBaseSamplingRate / 3

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0 : Means the remote function performed OK
- -1 : Means an system error occured
- -2 : Channel group selection error
- -3 : Sampling rate selection error
- -4 : Acquisition in progress. Can not change the sampling rate
- -100 : IOCTL system call error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.4 int MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannel,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1,* struct MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse * ***Response***)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannel*** : Channel selection (0 to 15)

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Channel selection wrong

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

dSensorSensibility : Sensor sensibility (mV/V/bar or mV/V/mbar or mV/V/Pa, ...). Refer to sensor documentation

dSensorOffset : Sensor V offset for 0 mV/V/bar, 0 mV/V/mbar, ... Refer to sensor documentation

ulBaseSamplingRate : Sampling rate selection

- 5 for 5Hz
- 10 for 10Hz
- 20 for 20Hz
- 40 for 40Hz
- 80 for 80Hz
- 160 for 160Hz
- 320 for 320Hz
- 640 for 640Hz
- 1000 for 1000Hz
- 2000 for 2000Hz

Returns

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Channel selection wrong

Chapter 3

Data Structure Documentation

3.1 ByteArray Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of byte - encapsulates C-type strings.

Data Fields

- xsd__unsignedByte * __ptr
  pointer of byte
- int __size
  size of the byte array in bytes
- int __offset
  not used

3.1.1 Field Documentation

3.1.1.1 xsd__unsignedByte* ByteArray::__ptr

3.1.1.2 int ByteArray::__size

3.1.1.3 int ByteArray::__offset

3.2 DefaultResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- xsd__int iReturnValue
  return value of the call :
- xsd__int syserrno
  system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

3.2.1 Field Documentation

3.2.1.1 xsd__int DefaultResponse::iReturnValue

- 0 means the remote function performed OK

- -1 means a system error occured, the meaning of other values is function dependant and should be defined in the related header

3.2.1.2 xsd__int DefaultResponse::syserrno

3.3 MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeStampLow

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeStampHigh

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulCounterValue

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

- xsd__double dValue [16]

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

3.3.1 Field Documentation

3.3.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse::sResponse

3.3.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse::ulTimeStampLow

3.3.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse::ulTimeStampHigh

3.3.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse::ulCounterValue

3.3.1.5 xsd__double MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse::dValue[16]

3.4 MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulType

  Acquistion channel type

  .

- xsd__unsignedLong ulHwPosition

  Hardware position index (0 to 7).

- xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelIndex

  Return the functionality channel index.

3.4.1 Field Documentation

3.4.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse::sResponse

3.4.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse::ulType

- 0 : Not available
- 1 : Temperature channel
- 2 : Pressure channel
- 3 : Transducer channel
- 4 : Analog input channel
- 5 : Analog input ICP channel

- 6 : Digital I/O port
- 7 : Incremental counter channel

3.4.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse::ulHwPosition

3.4.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse::ulChannelIndex

3.5 MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam Struct Reference

Data Fields

- xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelList [16]

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

3.5.1 Field Documentation

3.5.1.1 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam::ulChannelList[16]

3.6 MSXExxxx__FileResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  return values.

- struct ByteArray sArray

  Dynamic Array of byte.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF

  flag indicating end of file.

3.6.1 Field Documentation

3.6.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXExxxx__FileResponse::sResponse

3.6.1.2 struct ByteArray MSXExxxx__FileResponse::sArray

3.6.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__FileResponse::ulEOF

3.7 MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- xsd__double dSensorSensibility

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

- xsd__double dSensorOffset

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulBaseSamplingRate

  The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

3.7.1 Field Documentation

3.7.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse::sResponse

3.7.1.2 xsd__double MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse::dSensorSensibility

3.7.1.3 xsd__double MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse::dSensorOffset

3.7.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__-PressureGetConfigurationResponse::ulBaseSamplingRate

3.8 MSXExxxx__Response Struct Reference

Data Fields

- xsd__int iReturnValue

  return value of the call :

- xsd__int syserrno

  System-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code).

3.8.1 Field Documentation

3.8.1.1 xsd__int MSXExxxx__Response::iReturnValue

- 0 means the remote function performed OK
- -1 means a system error occured, the meaning of other values is function dependant and should be defined in the related header

3.8.1.2 xsd__int MSXExxxx__Response::syserrno

3.9 MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulValue

  The meaning of this value is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

3.9.1 Field Documentation

3.9.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse::sResponse

3.9.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse::ulValue

3.10 MSXExxxx__unsignedLongTimeStampResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulValue

  the meaning of this value is defined in the related header of the function who use this type

- xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeStampLow

  the meaning of this value is defined in the related header of the function who use this type

- xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeStampHigh

  the meaning of this value is defined in the related header of the function who use this type

3.10.1 Field Documentation

3.10.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXExxxx__unsignedLongTimeStampResponse::sResponse

3.10.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__unsignedLongTimeStampResponse::ulValue

3.10.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__unsignedLongTimeStampResponse::ulTimeStampLow

3.10.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MSXExxxx__-unsignedLongTimeStampResponse::ulTimeStampHigh

3.11 MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse Struct Reference

Response containing a C-type string.

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- struct ByteArray sArray

  Dynamic Array of byte - encapsulates C-type strings.

3.11.1 Field Documentation

3.11.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse::sResponse

3.11.1.2 struct ByteArray MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse::sArray

3.12 MXCommon__FileResponse Struct Reference

Response containing a chunk of a file.

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  return values.

- struct ByteArray sArray

  Dynamic Array of byte.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF

  flag indicating end of file.

3.12.1 Field Documentation

3.12.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__FileResponse::sResponse

3.12.1.2 struct ByteArray MXCommon__FileResponse::sArray

3.12.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__FileResponse::ulEOF

3.13 MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- struct ByteArray bArray

  Array of byte of the file.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF

  End of file flag.

3.13.1 Field Documentation

3.13.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse::sResponse

3.13.1.2 struct ByteArray MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse::bArray

3.13.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse::ulEOF

3.14 MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- struct sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort sPort0
- struct sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort sPort1

3.14.1 Field Documentation

3.14.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse::sResponse

3.14.1.2 struct sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort MXCommon__-GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse::sPort0

3.14.1.3 struct sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort MXCommon__-GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse::sPort1

3.15 MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse
  Default return values.
- xsd__unsignedLong ulFilterTime
  Hardware filter time (step of 250ns).
- xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo01
  Reserved.
- xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo02
  Reserved.

3.15.1 Field Documentation

3.15.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__-GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::sResponse

3.15.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__-GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::ulFilterTime

3.15.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::ulInfo01

3.15.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::ulInfo02

3.16 MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse
  Default return values.
- xsd__unsignedLong ulState

0 : Trigger input is low / 1 : Trigger input is high

- xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo01

  Reserved.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo02

  Reserved.

3.16.1 Field Documentation

3.16.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::sResponse

3.16.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::ulState

3.16.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::ulInfo01

3.16.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::ulInfo02

3.17 MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return value.

- xsd__double dTemperatureValue

  Temperature value.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulTemperatureStatus

  Temperature status.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo

  Reserved.

3.17.1 Field Documentation

3.17.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__-GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::sResponse

3.17.1.2 xsd__double MXCommon__-GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::dTemperatureValue

3.17.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__-GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::ulTemperatureStatus

3.17.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__-GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::ulInfo

3.18 MXCommon__GetTimeResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime

  Number of microseconds since the begin of the second.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime

  Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970).

3.18.1 Field Documentation

3.18.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetTimeResponse::sResponse

3.18.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetTimeResponse::ulLowTime

3.18.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetTimeResponse::ulHighTime

3.19 MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return value.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulUpTime

  Reserved.

3.19.1 Field Documentation

3.19.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse::sResponse

3.19.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse::ulUpTime

3.20 MXCommon__Response Struct Reference

contains return values

Data Fields

- xsd__int iReturnValue

  return value of the call :
  - *0 success*
  - *-1 a system error occurred, the meaning of other values is function dependent and should be defined in the related header.*

- xsd__int syserrno

  system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror()).

3.20.1 Field Documentation

3.20.1.1 xsd__int MXCommon__Response::iReturnValue

3.20.1.2 xsd__int MXCommon__Response::syserrno

3.21 MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- struct ByteArray bValueArray

  non encrypted value

- struct ByteArray bCryptedValueArray

  encrypted value

3.21.1 Field Documentation

3.21.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse::sResponse

3.21.1.2 struct ByteArray MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse::bValueArray

3.21.1.3 struct ByteArray MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse::bCryptedValueArray

3.22 MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse Struct Reference

Response containing a numerical value (ex: return code).

Data Fields

- struct DefaultResponse sResponse

  Default return values.

- xsd__unsignedLong ulValue

  The meaning of this value is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

3.22.1 Field Documentation

3.22.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse::sResponse

3.22.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse::ulValue

3.23 sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort Struct Reference

Data Fields

- xsd__unsignedLong ulState
- xsd__unsignedLong ulSpeed
- xsd__unsignedLong ulDuplex
- xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo1
- xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo2

3.23.1 Field Documentation

3.23.1.1 xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulState

3.23.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulSpeed

3.23.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulDuplex

3.23.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulInfo1

3.23.1.5 xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulInfo2

3.24 UnsignedLongArray Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of unsigned long.

Data Fields

- xsd__unsignedLong * __ptr
  pointer of unsigned Long
- int __size
  size of the unsigned Long array in Bytes
- int __offset
  not used

3.24.1 Field Documentation

3.24.1.1 xsd__unsignedLong* UnsignedLongArray::__ptr

3.24.1.2 int UnsignedLongArray::__size

3.24.1.3 int UnsignedLongArray::__offset

3.25 UnsignedShortArray Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of unsigned short.

Data Fields

- xsd__unsignedShort * __ptr
  pointer of unsigned short
- int __size
  size of the unsigned short array in Bytes

- int __offset
  not used

3.25.1 Field Documentation

3.25.1.1 xsd__unsignedShort* UnsignedShortArray::__ptr

3.25.1.2 int UnsignedShortArray::__size

3.25.1.3 int UnsignedShortArray::__offset

3.26 xsd__base64Binary Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of byte for input use.

Data Fields

- unsigned char * __ptr
  pointer of byte
- int __size
  size of the byte array

3.26.1 Field Documentation

3.26.1.1 unsigned char* xsd__base64Binary::__ptr

3.26.1.2 int xsd__base64Binary::__size

Chapter 4

File Documentation

4.1 MSXE331x_public_doc.h File Reference

Data Structures

- struct xsd__base64Binary

  Dynamic Array of byte for input use.

- struct UnsignedShortArray

  Dynamic Array of unsigned short.

- struct UnsignedLongArray

  Dynamic Array of unsigned long.

- struct ByteArray

  Dynamic Array of byte - encapsulates C-type strings.

- struct DefaultResponse
- struct MXCommon__Response

  contains return values

- struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse

  Response containing a C-type string.

- struct MXCommon__FileResponse

  Response containing a chunk of a file.

- struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse

  Response containing a numerical value (ex: return code).

- struct sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort
- struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse

- struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse
- struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse
- struct MSXExxxx__Response
- struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse
- struct MSXExxxx__FileResponse
- struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongTimeStampResponse
- struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse
- struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse
- struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam
- struct MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse

Typedefs

- typedef char * xsd__string

  encode xsd__string value as the xsd:string schema type

- typedef char xsd__char

  encode xsd__string value as the xsd:char schema type

- typedef float xsd__float

  encode xsd__float value as the xsd:float schema type

- typedef double xsd__double

  encode xsd__double value as the xsd:double schema type

- typedef int xsd__int

  encode xsd__int value as the xsd:int schema type

- typedef long xsd__long

  encode xsd__long value as the xsd:long schema type

- typedef unsigned char xsd__unsignedByte

  encode xsd__unsignedByte value as the xsd:unsignedByte schema type

- typedef unsigned int xsd__unsignedInt

  encode xsd__unsignedInt value as the xsd:unsignedInt schema type

- typedef unsigned short int xsd__unsignedShort

  encode xsd__unsignedShort value as the xsd:unsignedShort schema type

- typedef unsigned long xsd__unsignedLong

  encode xsd__unsignedLong value as the xsd:unsignedLong schema type

Functions

- int MXCommon__GetModuleType (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  This function return the type of the MSX-E Module.

- int MXCommon__GetHostname (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  This function return the hostname of the MSX-E Module.

- int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary *bHostname, struct MXCommon__-Response *Response)

  This function allows to set the hostname of the MSX-E Module.

- int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  This function return the client connection list.

- int MXCommon__Strerror (xsd__int errnum, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  Call the libc strerror() on the remote device (actually this is a call to strerror_r()).

- int MXCommon__Reboot (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Ask the MSX-E module to reboot.

- int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__-_Response *Response)

  Reset the I/O functionalities of the MSX-E system.

- int MXCommon__DataserverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong ulAction, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Restart the data-server service.

- int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void *_, struct MXCommon__-GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse *Response)

  Get MSX-E Ethernet links states.

- int MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse *Response)

  Read the temperature on the module.

- int MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels (xsd__double dMinimalWarningLevel, xsd__double dMaximalWarningLevel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__-Response *Response)

  Set the temperature warning level on the module.

- int MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulFilterTime, xsd__-unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).

- int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse *Response)

Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input.

- int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse *Response)

  Get the hardware trigger state after the filter.

- int MXCommon__SetCustomerKey (struct xsd__base64Binary *bKey, struct xsd__base64Binary *bPublicKey, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the Customer key.

- int MXCommon__TestCustomerID (void *_, struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse *Response)

  Test the Customer ID (if the module has the right customer Key).

- int MXCommon__SetTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the time on the module.

- int MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the hardware clock (if present) to the current system time.

- int MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the system time from the hardware clock (if present).

- int MXCommon__GetTime (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse *Response)

  Get the time on the module.

- int MXCommon__GetUpTime (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse *Response)

  Ask the MSX-E module uptime (number of seconds since the last boot).

- int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse *Response)

  Get the auto configuration file of the module.

- int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set the auto configuration file of the module.

- int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  start/Restart the auto configuration

- int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulReloadValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfCycle, xsd__unsignedLong ulGenerateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption04, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Initialises and starts the synchronisation timer of the module (not already available on all module).

- int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

start/Restart the synchronisation timer (not already available on all module)

- int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void *_, struct MXCommon__FileResponse *Response)

  Download a configuration backup file from the module.

- int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Upload a new configuration on the module.

- int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousPassword, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewPassword, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Set a new id/password.

- int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Returns the current state of the specified sub-system.

- int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary *SubsystemName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Returns the ID of the sub-system of symbolic name "SubsystemName".

- int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct xsd__base64Binary *StateName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Returns the ID of the state of symbolic name "StateName" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".

- int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  Returns the symbolic name of the sub-system of numerical ID "SubsystemName".

- int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, xsd__unsignedLong StateID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  Returns the symbolic name of the state of numerical ID "StateID" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".

- int MXCommon__GetOptionInformation (void *_, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)

  Enables to get information about the options available on the system.

- int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void *_, xsd__unsignedLong ulState, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)

  Writes if the MSXE has to be always set to master The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.

- int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void *_, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Reads the status of the synchronization for the corresponding MSXE The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

Return the number of acquisition channels.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfo (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse *Response)

  Return the selected acquisition channel type and hardware position.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulAverageValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulRefreshTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulRefreshTimeUnit, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire, xsd__unsignedLong ulDataFormat, xsd__unsignedLong ulForceStart, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption3, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Starts an autorefresh acquisition using provided configuration.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValues (xsd__unsignedLong ulBlocking, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse *Response)

  Reads the values acquired in auto refresh mode.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshStopAndRelease (void *_, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Stops the current auto refresh acquisition.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfChannel, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam *psChannelList, xsd__unsignedLong ulAcquisitionTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulAcquisitionTimeUnit, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfSequence, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrMaxSequenceToTransfer, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire, xsd__unsignedLong ulDataFormat, xsd__unsignedLong ulForceStart, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption3, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Initialises and starts the sequence acquisition mode.

- int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceStopAndRelease (void *_, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Stop and release the sequence acquisition mode.

- int MSXExxxx__PressureGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse *Response)

  Return the number of pressure channels.

- int MSXExxxx__PressureSetChannelConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__double dSensorSensibility, xsd__double dSensorOffset, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Pressure sensor configuration for the selected channel.

- int MSXExxxx__PressureSetSamplingRate (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelGroup, xsd__unsignedLong ulBaseSamplingRate, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__Response *Response)

  Pressure acquisition sampling rate selection.

- int MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, struct MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse *Response)

  Get the selected pressure channel current configuration.

4.1.1 Typedef Documentation

4.1.1.1 typedef char* xsd__string

4.1.1.2 typedef char xsd__char

4.1.1.3 typedef float xsd__float

4.1.1.4 typedef double xsd__double

4.1.1.5 typedef int xsd__int

4.1.1.6 typedef long xsd__long

4.1.1.7 typedef unsigned char xsd__unsignedByte

4.1.1.8 typedef unsigned int xsd__unsignedInt

4.1.1.9 typedef unsigned short int xsd__unsignedShort

4.1.1.10 typedef unsigned long xsd__unsignedLong

4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 int MXCommon__GetModuleType (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sArray : Module type string
• sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.2 int MXCommon__GetHostname (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sArray : Hostname of the module
• iReturnValue : Return value

  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__-Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.3 int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary * *bHostname*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***bHostname*** : Hostname

`[out]` ***Response*** • iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__-Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.4 int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sArray : string containing the list of connected clients.
- sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

The sArray string is of the form IP-Address:first connection-second connection---- IP-Address:first connection-second connection----

Sample: 172.16.3.43:8989-5555 172.16.3.200:8989

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.5 int MXCommon__Strerror (xsd__int *errnum*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Usually SOAP functions return this value in a variable named syserror, which is meaningful only when the function return value, usually called iReturnValue, indicate an error (that is, have a value of -1 or -100, depending of the case).

Parameters

[in] ***errnum*** : Error number

[out] ***Response*** • sArray : See the description below.
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno).
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

```
STRERROR(3)                                                    Linux Programmer's Manual
STRERROR(3)

NAME
strerror, strerror_r - return string describing error code

SYNOPSIS
#include <string.h>

char *strerror(int errnum);

#define _XOPEN_SOURCE 600
#include <string.h>

int strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);

DESCRIPTION
The  strerror() function returns a string describing the error code passed
in the argument errnum,possibly using the LC_MESSAGES part of the current
locale to select the appropriate language.
This string must not be modified by the application, but may be modified
by a subsequent call to perror() or strerror().  No library  function will
modify this string.

The strerror_r() function is similar to strerror(), but is thread safe.
It returns the string in the user-supplied buffer buf of length n.

RETURN VALUE
The strerror() function returns the appropriate error description string,
or an unknown error message if the error code is unknown.
The value of errno is not changed for a successful call, and is set to a non-zero
value upon error.
The strerror_r() function returns 0 on success and -1 on failure, setting errno.

ERRORS
EINVAL The value of errnum is not a valid error number.

ERANGE Insufficient storage was supplied to contain the error description string.

CONFORMING TO
SVID 3, POSIX, 4.3BSD, ISO/IEC 9899:1990 (C89).
strerror_r() with prototype as given above is specified by SUSv3,
and was in use under Digital Unix and HP Unix. An incompatible function,
with prototype

char *strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);
```

```
is a GNU extension used by glibc (since 2.0), and must be regarded as obsolete
in view of SUSv3.
The GNU version may, but need not, use the user-supplied buffer.
If it does, the result may be truncated in case the supplied buffer is too small.
The result is always NUL-terminated.

SEE ALSO
errno(3), perror(3), strsignal(3)
```

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.6 int MXCommon__Reboot (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : no input parameter

[out] ***Response***

- iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.7 int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

The behavior of the function depends on the MSX-E system that is used.

```
On MSX-E3511: Stop the watchdogs and stop the generators
On MSX-E3601: Stop the sequence acquisition and stop the calibration
On MSX-E3701: Stop the acquisition
```

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** ***iReturnValue***

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- **-100** Function not supported by the system

syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.8 int MXCommon__DataserverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong *ulAction*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulAction*** : action

- 0: normal restart
- 1: with cache file reset
- 2: with cache file deletion

[in] ***ulOption*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** • iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

Note

(revision>6386) Depending on the system type, can be used to restart the data-recv service as well. In this case, parameter action is ignored.

4.1.2.9 int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : no input parameter

[out] ***Response*** Structure that contains the MSX-E Ethernet links states and errors:

sResponse.iReturnValue

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** Fail to get Ethernet links states
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

sPort0: Fisrt port informations

- **ulState**
  - **0** Link down
  - **1** Link up
- **ulSpeed**
  - **10** 10 Mb/s
  - **100** 100 Mb/s
- **ulDuplex**
  - **0** Half duplex
  - **1** Full duplex

- **ulInfo1** Reserverd
- **ulInfo2** Reserverd

sPort1: Second port informations

- **ulState**
  - **0** Link down
  - **1** Link up
- **ulSpeed**
  - **10** 10 Mb/s
  - **100** 100 Mb/s
- **ulDuplex**
  - **0** Half duplex
  - **1** Full duplex
- **ulInfo1** Reserverd
- **ulInfo2** Reserverd

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.10 int MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption*** : Reserved

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
  - dValue : Temperature value in Degree Celsius
- ulTemperatureStatus : Temperature Status :
  - TEMPERATURE_INITIAL = 0 : Temperature not ready
  - TEMPERATURE_TOOLOW = 1 : Temperature too low !
  - TEMPERATURE_LOW = 2 : Temperature under the min warning value
  - TEMPERATURE_NOMINAL = 3 : Temperature in the nominal range
  - TEMPERATURE_HIGH = 4 : Temperature over the max warning value
  - TEMPERATURE_TOOHIGH = 5 : Temperature too high !

- ulInfo : Reserved

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.11 int MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels (xsd__double *dMinimalWarningLevel,* xsd__double *dMaximalWarningLevel,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***dMinimalWarningLevel*** : Minimal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius

[in] ***dMaximalWarningLevel*** : Maximal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius

[in] ***ulOption*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
- -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.12 int MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong *ulFilterTime,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

[in] ***ulFilterTime*** Filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250ns (max value : 65535).
- **0**: Disable the filter
- **1**: Sets the filter time to 250 ns
- **2**: Sets the filter time to 500 ns
- ...
- **65535**: Sets the filter time to 16 ms

[in] ***ulOption*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** Response of the system
- ***sResponse.iReturnValue***
  - **0**: The remote function performed OK
  - **-1**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- ***sResponse.syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.13 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse * *Response*)

Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input in **250ns** step (max value : 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption*** Reserved. Set to 0

`[out]` ***Response*** Response of the system

- ***ulFilterTime*** filter time for the hardware trigger input
  - **0**: filter disabled
  - **1**: filter of 250ns
  - **2**: filter of 500ns
  - ...
  - **65535**: filter of 16ms
- ***sResponse.iReturnValue***
  - **0**: The remote function performed OK
  - **-1**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- ***sResponse.syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.14 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulOption*** : Reserved

`[out]` ***Response***
- ulState : Hardware trigger input state.
  - 0: Hardware trigger input is low
  - 1: Hardware trigger input is high.
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.15 int MXCommon__SetCustomerKey (struct xsd__base64Binary * *bKey*, struct xsd__base64Binary * *bPublicKey*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***bKey*** : Customer key (only writable on the module) [32 bytes containing a AES key]

[in] ***bPublicKey*** : IV (Initialisation vector) for the AES cryptography [16 bytes containing a AES key]

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.16 int MXCommon__TestCustomerID (void * _, struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : No Input

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

• bValueArray : non encrypted value array [16 bytes of random data]

• bCryptedValueArray : Encrypted value array [16 bytes of the encrypted random data]

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.17 int MXCommon__SetTime (xsd__unsignedLong *ulLowTime*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulHighTime*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulLowTime*** : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second

[in] ***ulHighTime*** : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.18 int MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error (see syserrno)
  • sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

4.1.2.19 int MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

When the hardware clock is present, the system time is automatically set to it when the module becomes master on the inter-module synchronisation bus.

Parameters

`[in]` _ No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error (see syserrno)
  • sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

4.1.2.20 int MXCommon__GetTime (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

• ulLowTime : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second

• ulHighTime : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.21 int MXCommon__GetUpTime (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : no input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

• ulUpTime : Number of seconds since the last boot of the system.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.22 int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
  - -100 : Error of the read of the auto configuration file

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

• bArray : Array of Bytes of the file

- ulEOF : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.23 int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * *ByteArrayInput,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulEOF,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ByteArrayInput*** : Array of Bytes of the file
`[in]` ***ulEOF*** : End of file flag
`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error (see syserrno)
• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.24 int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No input parameter
`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  – 0 : success
  – -1: system error (see syserrno)
• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
  – sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.25 int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong *ulTimeBase,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulReloadValue,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrOfCycle,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulGenerateTriggerMode,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption03,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption04,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***ulTimeBase*** : Time base of the timer (0 for us, 1 for ms, 2 for s)

[in] ***ulReloadValue*** : Timer reload value (0 to 0xFFFF), minimum reload time is 5 us

[in] ***ulNbrOfCycle*** : Number of timer cycle

- 0: continuous
- > 0: defined number of cycle

[in] ***ulGenerateTriggerMode*** :

- 0: Wait the time overflow to set the synchronisation trigger
- 1: Set the synchronisation trigger by the start of the timer and after each time overflow

[in] ***ulOption01*** : Define the source of the trigger

- 0 : Trigger disabled
- 1 : Enable the hardware digital input trigger

[in] ***ulOption02*** : Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generates a trigger action

- 1 : rising edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 2 : falling edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)

[in] ***ulOption03*** : Define the number of trigger events before the action occur

- 1 : all trigger event start the action
- max value : 65535

[in] ***ulOption04*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
  - -2: not available time base
  - -3: timer reload value can not be greater than 65535
  - -4: minimum time reload is 5 us
  - -5: Number of cycle can not be greater than 65535
  - -6: Generate trigger mode error
  - -100: Init timer error
  - -101: Start timer error

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror(). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.26 int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption01*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)
  - -100: Start/Stop timer error

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror(). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.27 int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void * _, struct MXCommon__FileResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` _ : No input parameter

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno) (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- bArray : Array of Bytes of the file
- ulEOF : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until no more data is available. At this point the flag ulEOF is set.

Below is an example in pseudo-C.

```
int dummy;
struct MXCommon__FileResponse Response;
while(1)
{
if ( MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile(&dummy, &Response) != SOAP_OK)
{
// handle soap error
}
if (Response.iReturnValue)
{
// handle remote error (Response.syserrno contains more information)
}
// do something with the data, for example save it in a file
write(fd, Response.bArray.__ptr, Response.bArray.__size);
// if this is the end of the file, quit the loop
if(Response.ulEOF)
break;
}
*
```

4.1.2.28 int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * *ByteArrayInput,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulEOF,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ByteArrayInput*** : Array of Bytes of the file

[in] ***ulEOF*** : End of file flag

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error (see syserrno)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until all data is transfered. At this point the flag ulEOF must be set to 1. The new configuration is then applied.

4.1.2.29 int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary * *PreviousUser,* struct xsd__base64Binary * *PreviousPassword,* struct xsd__base64Binary * *NewUser,* struct xsd__base64Binary * *NewPassword,* struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

The changes are immediately active.

Parameters

[in] _ : No input parameter

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: string PreviousUser is invalid
  - -2: string PreviousPassword is invalid
  - -3: string NewUser is invalid
  - -4: string NewPassword is invalid
  - -5: authentification failed
  - -100: system error while saving tokens (use syserrno for more information)

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

• sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

Warning

The parameters transit in clear text. Use this functionality only on trusted networks.
Given that ADDI-DATA GmbH takes security seriously, there is no way to change the password without knowing it. No "hidden back-door". This function makes it all too easy to lock a module, if you don't remember the password you set on it.

4.1.2.30 int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID,* struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
- -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
- -2: invalid parameter SubsystemID

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

• Value The state of the sub-system "Id" at the moment of the execution of the request.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.31 int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary * *SubsystemName,* struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***SubsystemName*** sub-system symbolic name.

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue :Return value
- 0 : success
- -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
- -2: invalid parameter SubsystemName

• sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().

• Value The numerical ID of the sub-system "SubsystemName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.32 int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID,* struct xsd__base64Binary * *StateName,* struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID

[in] ***StateName*** state symbolic name.

[out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
- -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
- -2: invalid parameters SubsystemID or StateName

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- Value The numerical ID of the state "StateName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.33 int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID.

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 : success
  - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
  - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemName
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- sArray : The symbolic name associated with the ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.34 int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID*, xsd__unsignedLong *StateID*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

`[in]` ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID.

`[in]` ***StateID*** sub-system numerical ID.

`[out]` ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
  - 0 success
  - -1 system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
  - -2 invalid parameters SubsystemID or StateID
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see MXCommon__Strerror().
- sArray The symbolic name associated with the state numerical ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.35 int MXCommon__GetOptionInformation (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02*, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption01,:*** not used, set it to 0

[in] ***ulOption02,:*** not used, set it to 0

[out] ***Response*** • sArray : Option information string
- sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.36 int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong *ulState*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulState*** State of the supermaster mode
- **0** automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
- **1** Set to master mode at all time. The system will always be detected as master

[in] ***ulOption01*** Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption02*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response iReturnValue***
- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** The PLD is not working
- **-3** The ulFilterTime parameter is wrong
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno ***syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.37 int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02*, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption01*** Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption02*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response sResponse.iReturnValue***

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** The PLD is not working
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue State of the supermaster mode

- **0** Automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
- **1** MSXE is always set as a master. The system will always be detected as master

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.38 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred
- -100: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue : Number of available acquisition channels

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.39 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfo (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannel*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionGetChannelInfoResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannel*** : Selected acquisition channel

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -100: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulType : Acquisition channel type

- 0 : Not available
- 1 : Temperature channel
- 2 : Pressure channel
- 3 : Transducer channel
- 4 : Analog input channel
- 5 : Analog input ICP channel
- 6 : Digital I/O port

ulHwPosition : Hardware position index (0 to 7) ***ulChannelIndex :*** Return the functionality channel index

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.40 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannelMask,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulAverageValue,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulRefreshTime,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulRefreshTimeUnit,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMask,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMode,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerEdge,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerCount,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulDataFormat,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulForceStart,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption2,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption3,* struct MSXExxxx__Response ∗ *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannelMask*** Mask of the channel to acquire by the auto refresh (1 bit = 1 Channel). 0 for all available acquisition channels

[in] ***ulAverageValue*** Set the average value :

- 1 : not used
- max value : 255

[in] ***ulRefreshTimeUnit*** Refresh Time Unit

- 0 : microsecond
- 1 : millisecond
- 2 : second

[in] ***ulRefreshTime*** Refresh Time

- range from min 1000 to 65535 when the unit is the microsecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the millisecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the second

[in] ***ulTriggerMask*** Define the source of the trigger

- 0 : trigger disabled
- 1 : Enable Hardware Digital Input Trigger
- 2 : Enable Synchro Trigger
- 4 : Enable Compare Trigger (only useful if your system has incremental counter or Sine/-Cosine input)

- 8 : Enable Index Trigger (only useful if your system has Sine/Cosine input)

[in] ***ulTriggerMode*** Define the trigger mode

- 1 : One shot trigger
- 2 : Sequence trigger

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerEdge*** Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generates a trigger action

- 1 : rising edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 2 : falling edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerCount*** Define the number of trigger events before the action occur

- 1 : all trigger event start the action
- max value : 65535

[in] ***ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire*** Define the number of sequence to acquire by each trigger event

- 0 : continuous mode
- <> 0 : number of sequence : (1..0xFFFFFFFF)

D0 : Absolute Time stamp information

[in] ***ulDataFormat*** • 0 : no time stamp information

- 1 : time stamp information

D1 : Relative Time stamp information

- 0 : no time stamp information
- 1 : time stamp information

D2 : Auto refresh counter information

- 0 : No auto refresh counter information
- 1 : Auto refresh counter information

D3 : System status information

- 0 : No system status information required
- 1 : System status information required

D4 : Data format

- 0: Digital value (see technical description)
- 1: Analog value (see technical description)

You can not select both absolute and relative time stamp simultaneously

[in] ***ulForceStart*** :

- 0 : Function return a error if any acquisition already in progress
- 1 : If any acquisition in progress then stop this

[in] ***ulOption1*** Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption2*** Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption3*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Any acquisition already in progress
- -3: Any selected channel not OK, call the diagnostic function for more information

- -4: Channel Mask error
- -5: Not available average value
- -6: Not available refresh time unit
- -7: The minimal refresh time is 1000 us !
- -8: The maximal refresh time is 65535 !
- -9: Trigger mask not available
- -10: Trigger mask : 2 different trigger source cannot be simultaneously be activated
- -11: Trigger mode not available
- -12: Trigger mask : 2 trigger mode cannot be simultaneously activated
- -13: Hardware trigger : front definition error
- -14: Hardware trigger count value not available
- -15: Nbr of sequence to acquire by trigger mode not available
- -16: Data format not available
- -17: Selected channels combination not available
- -100: Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.41 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValues (xsd__unsignedLong *ulBlocking*, struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshGetValuesResponse * *Response*)

Reads the values acquired in auto refresh mode.

Parameters

[in] ***ulBlocking*** Wait a new value or read the actual value

- **0**: Get the current auto refresh values
- **1**: Wait a new auto refresh value cycle

[out] ***Response*** Response of the system

- ***iReturnValue***
  - **0**: The remote function performed OK
  - **-1**: Means an system error occurred
  - **-2**: No Acquisition in progress
  - **-3**: 2s timeout occurred. This if you have enabled the blocking mode.
  - **-4**: 2s timeout occurred. This if you do not have enabled the blocking mode, and if the first value is not available.
  - **-100**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- ***syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)
- ***ulTimeStampLow*** number of microseconds since the Epoch
- ***ulTimeStampHigh*** number of seconds since the Epoch
- ***ulCounterValue*** counter value
- ***dValue*** Array that contains the channels values
  - ***dValue[0]*** Value of channel 0

– ...
– ***dValue[15]*** Value of channel 15

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.42 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshStopAndRelease (void * _, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ Dummy parameter

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -100: Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

Must be called before any another call to MSXExxxx__AcquisitionAutoRefreshInitAndStart.

4.1.2.43 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrOfChannel,* struct MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceInitAndStartChannelListParam * *psChannelList,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulAcquisitionTime,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulAcquisitionTimeUnit,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrOfSequence,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulNbrMaxSequenceToTransfer,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMask,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMode,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerEdge,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulHardwareTriggerCount,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulDataFormat,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulForceStart,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption2,* xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption3,* struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Initialises and starts the sequence acquisition mode.

Parameters

[in] ***ulNbrOfChannel*** : Nbr of channel in the sequence

[in] ***psChannelList*** : List of the channel who compose the sequence.

[in] ***ulAcquisitionTime*** : Acquisition Time

- range from min 1000 to 65535 when the unit is the microsecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the millisecond
- range from min 1 to 65535 when the unit is the second

[in] ***ulAcquisitionTimeUnit*** : Acquisition Time Unit

- 0 : us
- 1 : ms
- 2 : s

[in] ***ulNbrOfSequence*** : Number of sequence to acquire :

- 0 : continuous mode
- <> 0 : number of sequence

[in] ***ulNbrMaxSequenceToTransfer*** : Max nbr of sequence to acquire before a data transfer : (1,4096)

[in] ***ulTriggerMask*** : Define the source of the trigger

- 0 : trigger disabled
- 1 : Enable Hardware Digital Input Trigger
- 2 : Enable Synchro Trigger
- 4 : Enable Compare Trigger (only useful if your system has incremental counter or Sine/-Cosine input)
- 8 : Enable Index Trigger (only useful if your system has Sine/Cosine input)

[in] ***ulTriggerMode*** : Define the trigger mode

- 1 : One shot trigger
- 2 : Sequence trigger

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerEdge*** : Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generate a trigger action

- 1 : rising front (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 2 : falling front (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerCount*** Define the number of trigger events before the action occur

- 1 : all trigger event start the action
- max value : 65535

[in] ***ulByTriggerNbrOfSeqToAcquire*** : define the number of sequence to acquire by each trigger event

- 0 : continuous mode
- <> 0 : number of sequence : (1..0xFFFFFFFF)

[in] ***ulDataFormat*** : Data format option

D0 : Absolute Time stamp information

- 0 : no time stamp information
- 1 : time stamp information

D1 : Relative Time stamp information

- 0 : no time stamp information
- 1 : time stamp information

D2 : Sequence counter information

- 0 : No sequence counter information
- 1 : Sequence counter information

D3 : System status information

- 0 : No system status information required

- 1 : System status information required

D4 : Data format

- 0: Digital value (see technical description)
- 1: Analog value (see technical description)

You can not select both absolute and relative time stamp simultaneously

[in] ***ulForceStart*** :

- 0 : Function return a error if any acquisition already in progress
- 1 : If any acquisition in progress then stop this

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption2*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption3*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Any acquisition already in progress
- -3: The nbr of channel in the sequence is null or to high
- -4: Channel index selection error
- -5: Channel already selected
- -6: Any selected channel not OK, call the diagnostic function for more information
- -7: Not available acquisition time unit
- -8: The minimal acquisition time is 1000 us !
- -9: The maximal acquisition time is 65535 !
- -10: Transfer sequence size error (1 to 4096) !
- -11: The total number of sequences is not a multiple from number of sequences to transfer
- -12: Trigger mask not available
- -13: Trigger mask : 2 different trigger source cannot be simultaneously be activated
- -14: Trigger mode not available
- -15: Trigger mask : 2 trigger mode cannot be simultaneously be activated
- -16: Hardware trigger : front definition error
- -17: Hardware trigger count value not available
- -18: Nbr of sequence to acquire by trigger mode not available
- -19: Data format not available
- -20: Selected channels combination not available
- -100: Start sequence kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.44 int MSXExxxx__AcquisitionSequenceStopAndRelease (void * _, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : no input parameter

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: No sequence acquisition in progress
- -100: Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.45 int MSXExxxx__PressureGetNumberOfChannels (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue : Number of available pressure channels

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.46 int MSXExxxx__PressureSetChannelConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannel*, xsd__double *dSensorSensibility*, xsd__double *dSensorOffset*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Remarks

For MSXE with pressure functionality :

- Before revision 6982 the dSensorOffset parameter is given in mV.
  Pressure value (in Unit) = (AnalogValue (mV) - dSensorOffset (mV)) / (BridgeSupply (V) * dSensorSensibility(mV / V / Unit))
- Since revision 6982 the dSensorOffset parameter is given in Unit instead of mV.
  Pressure value (in Unit) = (AnalogValue (mV)) / (BridgeSupply (V) * dSensorSensibility(mV / V / Unit)) - dSensorOffset (Unit)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannel*** : Channel selection (0 to 15 or 255 for all channels)

[in] ***dSensorSensibility*** : Sensor sensibility (mV/V/bar or mV/V/mbar or mV/V/Pa, ...). Refer to sensor documentation

[in] ***dSensorOffset*** : Sensor offset in unit (bar/Newton/Pa/Psi...) that depends on the sensor Refer to sensor documentation

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -3: Sensor sensibility selection wrong
- -4: Acquisition in progress. Can not change the configuration

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.47 int MSXExxxx__PressureSetSamplingRate (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannelGroup*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulBaseSamplingRate*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannelGroup*** : Channel group selection.

- 0 for channels 0 and 1
- 1 for channels 2 and 3
- 2 for channels 4 and 5
- 3 for channels 6 and 7
- 4 for channels 8 and 9
- 5 for channels 10 and 11
- 6 for channels 12 and 13
- 7 for channels 14 and 15
- ...
- 255 for all channels

[in] ***ulBaseSamplingRate*** : Sampling rate selection

- 5 for 5Hz
- 10 for 10Hz
- 20 for 20Hz
- 40 for 40Hz
- 80 for 80Hz
- 160 for 160Hz
- 320 for 320Hz
- 640 for 640Hz
- 1000 for 1000Hz
- 2000 for 2000Hz

If only one channel is used then the real sampling rate is ulBaseSamplingRate / 2
If all 2 channels are used then the real sampling rate is ulBaseSamplingRate / 3

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0 : Means the remote function performed OK
- -1 : Means an system error occured
- -2 : Channel group selection error
- -3 : Sampling rate selection error
- -4 : Acquisition in progress. Can not change the sampling rate
- -100 : IOCTL system call error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.48 int MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfiguration (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannel*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, struct MSXExxxx__PressureGetConfigurationResponse * ***Response***)

Parameters

[in] ***ulChannel*** : Channel selection (0 to 15)

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Channel selection wrong

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

dSensorSensibility : Sensor sensibility (mV/V/bar or mV/V/mbar or mV/V/Pa, ...). Refer to sensor documentation

dSensorOffset : Sensor V offset for 0 mV/V/bar, 0 mV/V/mbar, ... Refer to sensor documentation

ulBaseSamplingRate : Sampling rate selection

- 5 for 5Hz
- 10 for 10Hz
- 20 for 20Hz
- 40 for 40Hz
- 80 for 80Hz
- 160 for 160Hz
- 320 for 320Hz
- 640 for 640Hz
- 1000 for 1000Hz
- 2000 for 2000Hz

Returns

- 0: Means the remote function performed OK
- -1: Means an system error occured
- -2: Channel selection wrong

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