

MSX-E351x soap api functions

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Chapter 1

Introduction

MainRevision:

1.1 Introduction

This documentation describes the SOAP functions and gives software hints to work with the MSX-E systems. Following documentations can be found under **Modules**.

SOAP means Simple Object Access Protocol. This protocol enables to use the MSX-E software functions over Ethernet. It is providing **Web Services** that can easily be consumed in many programming languages like C, C++, C#, VB.Net... With the SOAP functions, all functionalities of the MSX-E system can be managed / configured / monitored.

1.2 Remark: SOAP functions prototypes

In some programming languages, SOAP functions names and parameters could be different as those described in this documentation. Please see to [Software hints](#)

Chapter 2

Module Documentation

2.1 MSX-E351x functions

Modules

- [MSXE351x analog output direct access functions](#)
- [MSXE351x analog output generator functions](#)
- [MSXE351x analog output diagnostic functions](#)
- [MSXE351x watchdog functions](#)

2.2 Software hints

Modules

- [SOAP function calls in C/C++ language](#)

Some hints on how to use the SOAP functions in a C/C++ program.

- [MSX-E systems servers](#)

The MSX-E embeds servers to provide configuration, management and monitoring over Ethernet.

2.3 SOAP function calls in C/C++ language

Some hints on how to use the SOAP functions in a C/C++ program.

2.3.1 C/C++ language SOAP function prototypes

In this documentation, functions are described as follows.

```
int MXCommon__GetModuleType(void * __, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse
* Response);
```

Two main differences can be remarked in the function prototypes:

- The prefix:

```
soap_call_
```

- The first three parameters of the SOAP stub:

```
struct soap *soap
const char *soap_endpoint
const char *soap_action
```

The C function prototype has the following syntax:

```
int soap_call_MXCommon__GetModuleType(struct soap *soap, const char *soap_endpoint,
    const char *soap_action, void *, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response
);
```

Functions to call in C/C++ are called **stubs** and can be found in the **MSXEXXXStub.h** file.

2.3.2 Rules and use of gSOAP calls in C/C++

When programming with gSOAP in C/C++ language, some rules have to be followed to avoid memory leaks, slow socket disconnections and multi-threading compliancy.

Note: Software code pieces in this chapter comes from [SOAP calls sample](#)

- **Opening and initializing an SOAP connection (using the gSOAP functions)**

```
struct soap *soapContext;

// IP address of the MSX-E and after the ':' is the MSX-E SOAP server port number
char soap_endpoint[] = IP_ADDRESS":5555";

// Allocates and initialize a new runtime context
if ((soapContext = soap_new ()) == NULL)
    return EXIT_FAILURE;

// Initializes the SOAP context with options
soap_init2 (soapContext, SOAP_IO_KEEPAIVE, SOAP_IO_KEEPAIVE);

// Sets timeouts in seconds
soapContext->send_timeout = 1;
soapContext->recv_timeout = 1;
soapContext->accept_timeout = 1;
```

Remark: A new runtime context is required in each new thread!

- **Calling the MSX-E SOAP functions**

Important

- In C/C++, each MSX-E SOAP function call is allocating memory (to manage deserialized data) and is not deallocating it automatically. The allocated memory has to be deallocated explicitly by calling, in this order, the `soap_destroy` and `soap_end` functions. These functions can be called after each MSX-E SOAP function call or after several calls. It is important to call these functions regularly to prevents memory leaks.

- If the SOAP function is returning pointer, call the `soap_destroy` and `soap_end` functions only after working with the pointers. If `soap_destroy` and `soap_end` are called before working the pointers, the values pointed by the pointer will not be available. All dynamically allocated values are destroyed by `soap_destroy` and `soap_end`.

See [C/C++ language SOAP function prototypes](#) to call the MSX-E SOAP functions.

```
for ( ; ; )
{
    soap_error = soap_call_MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (soap
Context, soap_endpoint, NULL, option, &tempResponse);

    ...

    // As gSOAP doesn't released automatically the memory that it allocates t
o
    // deserialize SOAP data we have to released it explicitly.
    // There is no need to call the function in each loop cycle,
    // it depends on the application, and desired performance and
    // available memory.
    soap_destroy (soapContext);
    soap_end (soapContext);

    ...
}
```

• Error management

There are 3 types of errors that can be generated by the MSX-E SOAP functions:

- SOAP errors: It is the SOAP function return value. More details about the error can be obtained by using the `soap_faultstring` function.

```
soap_error = soap_call_MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (soapContext,
    soap_endpoint, NULL, option, &tempResponse);

if (soap_error)
    printf ("message: %s\n", *soap_faultstring (soapContext));
```

Remark: `soap_faultstring` has to be called just after the SOAP function call that generates the SOAP error and before the call of `soap_destroy` and `soap_end`.

- The MSX-E error (`iReturnValue`): Returns errors that are not linux specific. The `iReturnValue` variable is located in the response structure. These errors are described in this documentation.

```
soap_error = soap_call_MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (soapContext,
    soap_endpoint, NULL, option, &tempResponse);

// Check for errors, if there are, stop the loop
if (checkErrors (soapContext, soap_endpoint, NULL, soap_error, tempResponse.sResp
onse.iReturnValue, tempResponse.sResponse.syserrno))
    break;
```

- The MSX-E system error (`syserrno`): Returns linux specific errors. This variable has to be checked only if `iReturnValue` = -1 or `iReturnValue` <= -100. It returns the linux `errno` error. More details about the error can be obtained by using the `soap_call_MXCommon__Strerror` function.

```
struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse byteArrayResponse;

memset (&byteArrayResponse, 0, sizeof (struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse));

soap_error = soap_call_MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (soapContext,
    soap_endpoint, NULL, option, &tempResponse);
```

```

    if ((tempResponse.sResponse.iReturnValue == -1) || ((tempResponse.sResponse.iReturnValue <= -100) && tempResponse.sResponse.sysererrno))
    {
        soap_call_MXCommon__Strerror (soapContext, soap_endpoint, soap_action, tempResponse.sResponse.sysererrno, &byteArrayResponse);

        // Display the system error
        printf ("\nSystem error: %s\n", byteArrayResponse.sArray.__ptr);
    }

```

- **Close the SOAP connection**

Before to quit the application or when no MSX-E SOAP function calls are necessary, the SOAP connection has to be closed and the context has to be released. Call following functions in this order: `soap_destroy`, `soap_end`, `soap_free`.

```

// Release SOAP
soap_destroy (soapContext);
soap_end (soapContext);

// Close the socket and release the SOAP context
soap_free (soapContext);

```

2.3.3 SOAP calls sample

Here a sample code, and its makefile, to read the MSX-E internal temperature.

To compile it, use `make IP_ADDRESS=YOUR_MSX-E_IP_ADDRESS` don't forget to set the `INTERFACE_COMMON_LIBRARY_DIR` to point on the MSX-E Common Interface_Library directory.

Remark: Don't use blank spaces in the directories and file names.

temperature.c file

```

#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <MXCommon.nsmmap> // this file must be included only once in the project
#include <assert.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <termios.h>

//-----
//-----

/** kbhit for linux.

@retval 0: No key pressed.
@retval <>0: Key pressed.
*/
int kbhit (void)
{
    struct termios oldt, newt;
    struct timeval tv;
    fd_set read_fd;
    int status;

    tcgetattr (STDIN_FILENO, &oldt);
    memcpy (&newt, &oldt, sizeof (newt));

```

```

newt.c_lflag &= ~(ICANON | ECHO);
tcsetattr (STDIN_FILENO, TCSANOW, &newt);

tv.tv_sec = 0;
tv.tv_usec = 0;
FD_ZERO (&read_fd);
FD_SET (0, &read_fd);

status = select (1, &read_fd, NULL, NULL, &tv);
tcsetattr (STDIN_FILENO, TCSANOW, &oldt);

if (status < 0)
    return 0;
else
    return (status);
}

//-----

/** getch for linux.

@retval key: Key number.
*/
int getch (void)
{
    struct termios oldt, newt;
    int ch;

    tcgetattr (STDIN_FILENO, &oldt);
    memcpy (&newt, &oldt, sizeof (newt));
    newt.c_lflag &= ~(ICANON | ECHO);
    tcsetattr (STDIN_FILENO, TCSANOW, &newt);
    ch = getchar();
    tcsetattr (STDIN_FILENO, TCSANOW, &oldt);

    return (ch);
}

//-----
//-----

/** Check if the SOAP call returns an error, display it.

@param[in] soapContext : SOAP context structure.
@param[in] soap_endpoint : IP and port number of the system to access.
@param[in] soap_action : SOAP action required by the Web service.
@param[in] soap_error: The SOAP function return value.
@param[in] msxe_error: The MSX-E system return value contained in the response s
    tructure (iReturnValue).
@param[in] msxe_syserrno: The MSX-E system errno value contained in the response
    structure (syserrno).

@retval 0: No error.
@retval 1: Error.
*/
int checkErrors (struct soap *soapContext, const char *soap_endpoint, const char
    *soap_action, int soap_error, int msxe_error, int msxe_syserrno)
{
    if ((soap_error != 0) || (msxe_error != 0))
    {
        printf ("MSX-E function response error: %d\n", msxe_error);
        printf ("soap error: %d ", soap_error);

        // In case of an SOAP error, display it

```

```

        if (soap_error)
            printf ("message: %s\n", *soap_faultstring (soapContext))
;
        else
        {
            // It's not an SOAP error but a system error
            if ((msxe_error == -1) || ((msxe_error <= -100) && msxe_s
yserrno))
            {
                struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse byteArrayRespo
nse;
                memset (&byteArrayResponse, 0, sizeof (struct
MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse));

                // Get the system error
                if (soap_call_MXCommon__Strerror (soapContext, so
ap_endpoint, soap_action, msxe_syserrno, &byteArrayResponse))
                    printf ("\nsoap_call_MXCommon__Strerror e
rror: %s\n", *soap_faultstring (soapContext));
                else // Display the system error
                    printf ("\nSystem error: %s\n", byteArray
Response.sArray.__ptr);
            }
        }

        return 1;
    }

    return 0;
}

//-----
//-----
//-----

int main (void)
{
    struct soap *soapContext;
    unsigned long option = 0;
    struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse tempResponse
;
    int soap_error = 0;
    char *tempStatus[] = {"NOT AVAILABLE", "TOO LOW", "LOW", "NOMINAL", "HIG
H", "TOO HIGH"};
    // IP address of the MSX-E and after the ':' is the MSX-E SOAP server po
rt number
    char soap_endpoint[] = IP_ADDRESS":5555";

    memset (&tempResponse, 0, sizeof (struct
MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse));

    // Allocates and initialize a new runtime context
    if ((soapContext = soap_new ()) == NULL)
        return EXIT_FAILURE;

    // Initializes the SOAP context with options
    soap_init2 (soapContext, SOAP_IO_KEEPAIVE, SOAP_IO_KEEPAIVE);

    // Sets timeouts in seconds
    soapContext->send_timeout = 1;
    soapContext->recv_timeout = 1;
    soapContext->accept_timeout = 1;

    for ( ; ; )
    {
        soap_error = soap_call_MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndSta

```

```

tus (soapContext, soap_endpoint, NULL, option, &tempResponse);

        // Check for errors, if there are, stop the loop
        if (checkErrors (soapContext, soap_endpoint, NULL, soap_error, t
empResponse.sResponse.iReturnValue, tempResponse.sResponse.syserrno))
            break;

        // There is no error
        printf ("MSX-E Temperature: %.2lf °C status: ", tempResponse.dTem
peratureValue);

        if (tempResponse.ulTemperatureStatus < 6)
            printf ("%s ", tempStatus[tempResponse.ulTemperatureStatu
s]);
        else
            printf ("unknown ");

        printf ("(ESC to quit)\n");

        // As gSOAP doesn't released automatically the memory that it al
locates to
        // deserialize SOAP data we have to released it explicitly.
        // There is no need to call the function in each loop cycle,
        // it depends on the application, and desired performance and
        // available memory.
        soap_destroy (soapContext);
        soap_end (soapContext);

        // Listen on keyboard actions
        if (kbhit ())
            if (getch () == 27) // Check if ESC key has been used
                break;
    }

    // Release SOAP
    soap_destroy (soapContext);
    soap_end (soapContext);
    // Close the socket an release the SOAP context
    soap_free (soapContext);

    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}

```

Makefile

```

TOPDIR                                := $(shell pwd)

CC                                    := $(CROSS) $(CC)
LD                                    := $(CROSS) ld
STRIP                                 := $(CROSS) strip

ifneq ($(INTERFACE_COMMON_LIBRARY_DIR), "")
INTERFACE_COMMON_LIBRARY_DIR        := $(TOPDIR)/../../Interface_Library
endif

# The MSX-E IP address
ifneq ($(IP_ADDRESS), "")
IP_ADDRESS                           = 192.168.99.99
endif

# File implementing SOAP client
SOAPSOURCES                           := $(INTERFACE_COMMON_LIBRARY_DIR)/MSXEclient.o $
$(INTERFACE_COMMON_LIBRARY_DIR)/MSXEC.o $(INTERFACE_COMMON_LIBRARY_DIR)/stdsoap2.o

CFLAGS                                += -pipe -Wall -O0 -Winline -I$(INTERFACE_COMMON_
LIBRARY_DIR) -DIP_ADDRESS="\$(IP_ADDRESS)"

```

```
TEMPERATURE_SRC      := temperature.o
BINS                  := temperature

all: $(BINS)

temperature: $(SOAPSOURCES) $(TEMPERATURE_SRC)
              $(CC) $(CFLAGS) -o $@ $^
              $(STRIP) $@

clean:
        -rm -f $(BINS)
        -rm -f $(INTERFACE_COMMON_LIBRARY_DIR)/*.o
        -rm -f *.o
```

2.4 MSX-E systems servers

The MSX-E embeds servers to provide configuration, management and monitoring over Ethernet.

2.4.1 SOAP server

SOAP means Simple Object Access Protocol. This protocol allows you to use the MSX-E software functions over Ethernet. It is providing **Web Services** that can easily be consumed in many programming languages like C, C++, C#, VB.Net... With the SOAP functions, all functionalities of the MSX-E system can be managed / configured / monitored. This server can be accessed on port 5555. All SOAP functions are described under Modules -> MSX-EXXXX functions.

2.4.2 Event server

MSX-E systems embed an event server that can be used to monitor the current MSX-E state. An MSX-E system is logically divided in subsystem states. A subsystem is uniquely identified by a number, as well as each possible state associated to it. These numerical identifiers can be monitored by using the event server, which signals when the state of a subsystem has changed. The MSX-E will send a new event frame as soon as a subsystem state changes on the MSX-E.

2.4.3 Modbus server

A Modbus server, accessible on port 512 permits, for example, to manage MSX-E systems from a PLC. The port number, endianness (Intel / Motorola) and protocol (TCP/UDP) can be configured through the MSX-E web interface.

2.4.4 Generator data client / server

The MSX-E351x embeds a **data client** / **data server** to provide values to the signal generator. The data client / server has to be configured by using the **data server** configuration web page. Two operating modes are available:

- Server mode: The application has to work as a socket client.
- Client mode: The application has to provide a socket server.

2.4.4.1 Server mode

When configured in server mode, each channel has its own data server. By default, the data server port number of the first channel is 9090. To connect to the other channel, use 9090 + channel number (channel number is starting from 0). For example, to access channel 2, the port number will be 9092. The base port number 9090 can be changed by using the configuration web page of the **data server**.

2.4.4.2 Data format

In this mode, the data format can be 16 bit or 32 bit.

When configured in 16 bit, one value (encoded on 16 bits) has to be sent:

- A voltage / current value (as a raw value)
 1. 0 to 32767 in unipolar mode
 2. 0 to 65535 in bipolar mode

The data frame has the following format (example of channel 0 on port 9090 with 4 voltage values):

| Bit 15 - Bit 8 | Bit 7 - Bit 0 |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Raw value 0 (high part) | Raw value 0 (low part) |
| Raw value 1 (high part) | Raw value 1 (low part) |
| Raw value 2 (high part) | Raw value 2 (low part) |
| Raw value 3 (high part) | Raw value 3 (low part) |

When configured in 32 bit, two values (each encoded on 16 bits) have to be sent:

- A step value (the time between two voltage / current values)
- A voltage / current value (as a raw value)
 1. 0 to 32767 in unipolar mode
 2. 0 to 65535 in bipolar mode

The step value is from 0 to 65535.

The data frame has the following format (example of channel 0 on port 9090 with 4 voltage values and their corresponding step values):

| Bit 31 - Bit 24 | Bit 23 - Bit 16 | Bit 15 - Bit 8 | Bit 7 - Bit 0 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| Step value 0 (high part) | Step value 0 (low part) | Raw value 0 (high part) | Raw value 0 (low part) |
| Step value 1 (high part) | Step value 1 (low part) | Raw value 1 (high part) | Raw value 1 (low part) |
| Step value 2 (high part) | Step value 2 (low part) | Raw value 2 (high part) | Raw value 2 (low part) |
| Step value 3 (high part) | Step value 3 (low part) | Raw value 3 (high part) | Raw value 3 (low part) |

2.4.4.3 Client mode

When configured in client mode, the application has to work as a socket server. At boot-up, the MSX-E tries to connect the device from which the IP address has been configured on the configuration web page of the **data server**. Contrary to the server mode, only one socket connection is necessary to provide values for all channels. The base port number 9090 can be changed by using the configuration web page of the **data server**. In this mode, the size of the frame **Frame size in bytes** has to be specified.

2.4.4.4 Data format

In this mode, the data format can be 16 bit or 32 bit.

When configured in 16 bit, one value (encoded on 16 bits) has to be sent:

- A voltage / current value (as a raw value)
 1. 0 to 32767 in unipolar mode
 2. 0 to 65535 in bipolar mode

The data frame has the following format (example of 4 channels on port 9090 with 4 voltage values):

Frame size in bytes has to be 8 bytes.

| Bit 15 - Bit 8 | Bit 7 - Bit 0 | Data frame index (has to be set in the configuration web page, not send) |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Channel 0 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 0 raw value 0 (low part) | 0 |
| Channel 1 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 1 raw value 0 (low part) | 2 |
| Channel 2 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 2 raw value 0 (low part) | 4 |
| Channel 3 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 3 raw value 0 (low part) | 8 |

When configured in 32 bit, two values (each encoded on 16 bits) have to be sent:

- A step value (the time between two voltage / current values)
- A voltage / current value (as a raw value)
 1. 0 to 32767 in unipolar mode
 2. 0 to 65535 in bipolar mode

The data frame has the following format (example of 4 channels on port 9090 with 4 voltage values and their corresponding steps values):

Frame size in bytes has to be 16 bytes.

| Bit 31 - Bit 24 | Bit 23 - Bit 16 | Bit 15 - Bit 8 | Bit 7 - Bit 0 | Data frame index (has to be set in the configuration web page, not send) |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Channel 0 step 0 (high part) | Channel 0 step 0 (low part) | Channel 0 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 0 raw value 0 (low part) | 0 |
| Channel 1 step 0 (high part) | Channel 1 step 0 (low part) | Channel 1 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 1 raw value 0 (low part) | 4 |
| Channel 2 step 0 (high part) | Channel 2 step 0 (low part) | Channel 2 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 2 raw value 0 (low part) | 8 |
| Channel 3 step 0 (high part) | Channel 3 step 0 (low part) | Channel 3 raw value 0 (high part) | Channel 3 raw value 0 (low part) | 12 |

2.5 Common functions

Modules

- [Common general functions](#)

Various utility functions, mainly to identify a remote system.

- [Common temperature functions](#)

These functions deals with the internal temperature sub-system.

- [Common hardware trigger functions](#)

These functions allow to set and request the current value of the hardware trigger.

- [Common security functions](#)

The "customer key" feature may for instance be used by a customer to be sure that his application communicates only with certified MSX-E modules.

- [Common time functions](#)

A MSX-E module provides a "system clock" that may be in the simplest case set by the function `MXCommon__SetTime()`.

- [Common I/O auto configuration functions](#)

On the web site of some MSX-E module, there is the possibility to define an auto-configuration and auto start of the I/O.

- [Common synchronisation timer functions](#)

When modules are linked through a "synchronisation bus", the master can run a timer that generate a "synchro signal" on the slaves when overrun.

- [Set/Backup/Restore general system configuration](#)

Distinct of the I/O auto-configuration/auto-start functionality, these functions allows to manipulate the general system configuration.

- [System state management](#)

Every MSX-E modules are composed of several sub-systems that work together to provide the system functionalities.

- [Customer option management](#)

Enable to get informations about the options of the system.

- [Synchronisation management](#)

Manage the synchronisation state of the system.

- [input filter Filter management](#)

Manages the analog input filters in the system.

2.6 Common general functions

Various utility functions, mainly to identify a remote system.

Functions

- `int MXCommon__GetModuleType (void *_ , struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
This function return the type of the MSX-E Module.
- `int MXCommon__GetHostname (void *_ , struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
This function return the hostname of the MSX-E Module.
- `int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary *bHostname, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
This function allows to set the hostname of the MSX-E Module.
- `int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void *_ , struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
This function return the client connection list.
- `int MXCommon__Strerror (xsd__int ernum, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
Call the libc strerror() on the remote device (actually this is a call to strerror_r()).
- `int MXCommon__Reboot (void *_ , struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Ask the MSX-E module to reboot.
- `int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Reset the I/O functionalities of the MSX-E system.
- `int MXCommon__DataseverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong ulAction, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Restart the data-server service.
- `int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void *_ , struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse *Response)`
Get MSX-E Ethernet links states.

2.6.1 Function Documentation

2.6.1.1 `int MXCommon__GetModuleType (void * _ , struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] _ : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sArray : Module type string
 • sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

- SOAP_OK** SOAP call success
- otherwise** SOAP protocol error

2.6.1.2 int MXCommon__GetHostname (void * __, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] *__* : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sArray : Hostname of the module
- iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.6.1.3 int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary * bHostname, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **bHostname** : Hostname
- [out] **Response** • iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.6.1.4 int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void * __, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] *__* : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sArray : string containing the list of connected clients.
- sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

The sArray string is of the form IP-Address:first connection-second connection---- IP-Address:first connection-second connection----

Sample: 172.16.3.43:8989-5555 172.16.3.200:8989

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.6.1.5 `int MXCommon__Strerror (xsd__int errnum, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Usually SOAP functions return this value in a variable named `syserror`, which is meaningful only when the function return value, usually called `iReturnValue`, indicate an error (that is, have a value of -1 or -100, depending of the case).

Parameters

- [in] **errnum** : Error number
- [out] **Response** • sArray : See the description below.
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`).
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

STRERROR(3) Linux Programmer's Manual
 STRERROR(3)

NAME

`strerror`, `strerror_r` - return string describing error code

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
char *strerror(int errnum);
```

```
#define _XOPEN_SOURCE 600
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
int strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);
```

DESCRIPTION

The `strerror()` function returns a string describing the error code passed in the argument `errnum`, possibly using the `LC_MESSAGES` part of the current locale to select the appropriate language.

This string must not be modified by the application, but may be modified by a subsequent call to `perror()` or `strerror()`. No library function will modify this string.

The `strerror_r()` function is similar to `strerror()`, but is thread safe. It returns the string in the user-supplied buffer `buf` of length `n`.

RETURN VALUE

The `strerror()` function returns the appropriate error description string, or an unknown error message if the error code is unknown.

The value of `errno` is not changed for a successful call, and is set to a non-zero value upon error.

The `strerror_r()` function returns 0 on success and -1 on failure, setting `errno`.

ERRORS

EINVAL The value of `errnum` is not a valid error number.

ERANGE Insufficient storage was supplied to contain the error description string.

CONFORMING TO

SVID 3, POSIX, 4.3BSD, ISO/IEC 9899:1990 (C89).

`strerror_r()` with prototype as given above is specified by SUSv3, and was in use under Digital Unix and HP Unix. An incompatible function, with prototype

```
char *strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);
```

is a GNU extension used by glibc (since 2.0), and must be regarded as obsolete in view of SUSv3.
 The GNU version may, but need not, use the user-supplied buffer.
 If it does, the result may be truncated in case the supplied buffer is too small.
 The result is always NUL-terminated.

SEE ALSO
 errno(3), perror(3), strsignal(3)

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.6.1.6 int MXCommon__Reboot (void * __, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] **__** : no input parameter
 [out] **Response** • **iReturnValue** : Return value
 – 0 : success
 – -1 : system error (see syserrno)
 • **syserrno** : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.6.1.7 int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

The behavior of the function depends on the MSX-E system that is used.

On MSX-E3511: Stop the watchdogs and stop the generators
 On MSX-E3601: Stop the sequence acquisition and stop the calibration
 On MSX-E3701: Stop the acquisition

Parameters

[in] **ulOption** Reserved. Set to 0
 [out] **Response** **iReturnValue**
 • **0** The remote function performed OK
 • **-1** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
 • **-100** Function not supported by the system
 syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK
Others See SOAP error

2.6.1.8 int MXCommon__DataseverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong ulAction, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **ulAction** : action
- 0: normal restart
 - 1: with cache file reset
 - 2: with cache file deletion
- [in] **ulOption** : Reserved
- [out] **Response** • iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

Note

(revision>6386) Depending on the system type, can be used to restart the data-recv service as well. In this case, parameter action is ignored.

2.6.1.9 int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **_** : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** Structure that contains the MSX-E Ethernet links states and errors:
- sResponse.iReturnValue**
- **0** The remote function performed OK
 - **-1** System error occurred
 - **-2** Fail to get Ethernet links states
 - **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- sResponse.syserrno** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)
- sPort0: Fisrt port informations**
- **ulState**
 - **0** Link down
 - **1** Link up
 - **ulSpeed**
 - **10** 10 Mb/s
 - **100** 100 Mb/s
 - **ulDuplex**
 - **0** Half duplex
 - **1** Full duplex

- **ulInfo1** Reserved
- **ulInfo2** Reserved

sPort1: Second port informations

- **ulState**
 - **0** Link down
 - **1** Link up
- **ulSpeed**
 - **10** 10 Mb/s
 - **100** 100 Mb/s
- **ulDuplex**
 - **0** Half duplex
 - **1** Full duplex
- **ulInfo1** Reserved
- **ulInfo2** Reserved

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.7 Common temperature functions

These functions deals with the internal temperature sub-system.

Data Structures

- struct [MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse](#)

Functions

- int [MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse](#) *Response)

Read the temperature on the module.

- int [MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels](#) (xsd__double dMinimalWarningLevel, xsd__double dMaximalWarningLevel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) *Response)

Set the temperature warning level on the module.

2.7.1 Detailed Description

The role of this sub-system is to monitor the internal temperature of a module and issue a warning if it is below or above a threshold. If the internal temperature reaches a domain where the system is endangered, it switches automatically in a degraded working mode.

2.7.2 Function Documentation

2.7.2.1 `int MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulOption* : Reserved
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - dValue : Temperature value in Degree Celsius
 - ulTemperatureStatus : Temperature Status :
 - TEMPERATURE_INITIAL = 0 : Temperature not ready
 - TEMPERATURE_TOLOW = 1 : Temperature too low !
 - TEMPERATURE_LOW = 2 : Temperature under the min warning value
 - TEMPERATURE_NOMINAL = 3 : Temperature in the nominal range
 - TEMPERATURE_HIGH = 4 : Temperature over the max warning value
 - TEMPERATURE_TOOHIGH = 5 : Temperature too high !
 - ulInfo : Reserved

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.7.2.2 `int MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels (xsd__double dMinimalWarningLevel, xsd__double dMaximalWarningLevel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *dMinimalWarningLevel* : Minimal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius
- [in] *dMaximalWarningLevel* : Maximal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius
- [in] *ulOption* : Reserved
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.8 Common hardware trigger functions

These functions allow to set and request the current value of the hardware trigger.

Data Structures

- struct [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse](#)

Functions

- int [MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulFilterTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) *Response)
Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).
- int [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse](#) *Response)
Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input.
- int [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse](#) *Response)
Get the hardware trigger state after the filter.

2.8.1 Function Documentation

2.8.1.1 int [MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime](#) (xsd__unsignedLong *ulFilterTime*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) * *Response*)

Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

[in] ***ulFilterTime*** Filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250ns (max value : 65535).

- **0**: Disable the filter
- **1**: Sets the filter time to 250 ns
- **2**: Sets the filter time to 500 ns
- ...
- **65535**: Sets the filter time to 16 ms

[in] ***ulOption*** Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** Response of the system

- ***sResponse.iReturnValue***
 - **0**: The remote function performed OK
 - **-1**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- ***sResponse.syserrno*** system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values*0* SOAP_OK*Others* See SOAP error**2.8.1.2 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse * Response)**

Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input in **250ns** step (max value : 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* Reserved. Set to 0

[out] *Response* Response of the system

- *ulFilterTime* filter time for the hardware trigger input
 - **0**: filter disabled
 - **1**: filter of 250ns
 - **2**: filter of 500ns
 - ...
 - **65535**: filter of 16ms
- *sResponse.iReturnValue*
 - **0**: The remote function performed OK
 - **-1**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- *sResponse.syserrno* system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values*0* SOAP_OK*Others* See SOAP error**2.8.1.3 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse * Response)****Parameters**

[in] *ulOption* : Reserved

[out] *Response* • *ulState* : Hardware trigger input state.

- **0**: Hardware trigger input is low
- **1**: Hardware trigger input is high.
- *sResponse.iReturnValue* : Return value
 - **0** : success
 - **-1**: system error (see syserrno)
- *sResponse.syserrno* : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

Return values*SOAP_OK* SOAP call success*otherwise* SOAP protocol error

2.9 Common security functions

The "customer key" feature may for instance be used by a customer to be sure that his application communicates only with certified MSX-E modules.

Data Structures

- struct [MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse](#)

Functions

- int [MXCommon__SetCustomerKey](#) (struct [xsd__base64Binary](#) *bKey, struct [xsd__base64Binary](#) *bPublicKey, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) *Response)

Set the Customer key.

- int [MXCommon__TestCustomerID](#) (void *_ , struct [MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse](#) *Response)

Test the Customer ID (if the module has the right customer Key).

2.9.1 Detailed Description

A "customer key" consists of two strings of data stored on the certified MSX-E module, to be used by the function [MXCommon__TestCustomerID\(\)](#) to encrypt data.

These strings can not be read back. They are supposed to be kept secret by the user of this functionality.

To test if the MSX-E module you use is certified, you can request the MSX-E module to provide a set of randomly generated data and the result of the encryption (through the use of the stored "customer key") of the same data. Then your application must encrypt the delivered random data with its own "customer key" and compare it with the encrypted data delivered by the MSX-E module.

If the results are matching, the MSX-E module is certified for this application.

Detailed presentation of operations:

The user generates and stores on the module two keys (thanks to the software function : [MXCommon__SetCustomerKey\(\)](#)). This needs only to be done once:

- A public Key K1 (16 Bytes)
- A private Key K2 (32 Bytes)

When requested (with the software function : [MXCommon__TestCustomerID\(\)](#)), the module generates a 16 bytes random value and do an encryption of this value using the two saved keys and the AES algorithm (Rijndael).

The user receives then two arrays of 16 bytes :

- one with a random value [A]
- the second with encrypted random value [B]

$[B] = \text{AES}([A], K1, K2)$

The user performs then the same computation from $[A], K1, K2$ and compares his result with $[B]$. If it is the same, it means that the module he is using was already configured with the correct identification token.

The security of the method comes from that even knowing $[A]$ and $[B]$ no one can deduce $K1$ and $K2$ back in practical times. ADDI-DATA is not aware of a practical way to remotely retrieve the value of the key stored on a module.

It is the responsibility of the developer of the application to ensure that these tokens are suitably protected. The authorisation of the change of the "customer key" on the MSX-E module can be managed with the web interface.

The use of the "customer key" don't have an impact of the other functionalities of the MSX-E module.

2.9.2 Function Documentation

2.9.2.1 `int MXCommon__SetCustomerKey (struct xsd__base64Binary * bKey, struct xsd__base64Binary * bPublicKey, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *bKey* : Customer key (only writable on the module) [32 bytes containing a AES key]
- [in] *bPublicKey* : IV (Initialisation vector) for the AES cryptography [16 bytes containing a AES key]
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.9.2.2 `int MXCommon__TestCustomerID (void * _, struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] _ : No Input
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - bValueArray : non encrypted value array [16 bytes of random data]
 - bCryptedValueArray : Encrypted value array [16 bytes of the encrypted random data]

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.10 Common time functions

A MSX-E module provides a "system clock" that may be in the simplest case set by the function [MXCommon__SetTime\(\)](#).

Data Structures

- struct [MXCommon__GetTimeResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse](#)

Functions

- int [MXCommon__SetTime](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) *Response)
Set the time on the module.
- int [MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock](#) (void *_, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) *Response)
Set the hardware clock (if present) to the current system time.
- int [MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys](#) (void *_, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) *Response)
Set the system time from the hardware clock (if present).
- int [MXCommon__GetTime](#) (void *_, struct [MXCommon__GetTimeResponse](#) *Response)
Get the time on the module.
- int [MXCommon__GetUpTime](#) (void *_, struct [MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse](#) *Response)
Ask the MSX-E module uptime (number of seconds since the last boot).

2.10.1 Detailed Description

If the module is configured to use NTP, the time received by the NTP server will have a greater priority. If the module is linked to another through a "synchronization bus" and is slave, then the time received from the master is the one taken into account.

Recent models also provide a "hardware clock", a component whose role is to track the time between reboots.

2.10.2 Function Documentation

2.10.2.1 int [MXCommon__SetTime](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime, struct [MXCommon__Response](#) * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **ulLowTime** : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second
- [in] **ulHighTime** : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)
- [out] **Response**
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success

- -1: system error (see `syserrno`)
- `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.10.2.2 `int MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] `_` No input parameter
- [out] *Response* • `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`)
 - `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

2.10.2.3 `int MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

When the hardware clock is present, the system time is automatically set to it when the module becomes master on the inter-module synchronisation bus.

Parameters

- [in] `_` No input parameter
- [out] *Response* • `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`)
 - `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

2.10.2.4 int MXCommon__GetTime (void * __, struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] __ : No input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - ulLowTime : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second
 - ulHighTime : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.10.2.5 int MXCommon__GetUpTime (void * __, struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] __ : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - ulUpTime : Number of seconds since the last boot of the system.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.11 Common I/O auto configuration functions

On the web site of some MSX-E module, there is the possibility to define an auto-configuration and auto start of the I/O.

Data Structures

- struct [MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse](#)

Functions

- `int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void *__, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse *Response)`
Get the auto configuration file of the module.
- `int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Set the auto configuration file of the module.
- `int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void *__, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
start/Restart the auto configuration

2.11.1 Detailed Description

- Auto-configuration means the system configures the I/O automatically at boot time.
- Auto-start means the system starts an acquisition automatically at boot time (this may no make sense for some systems). It implies auto-configuration.

This set of functions allows to:

- get the auto-configuration/start currently set on module, as a read-only binary file.
- set a auto-configuration/start on the module, using a previously saved file.
- start or restart the auto-configuration/start on the module, using the current configuration saved on the module.

2.11.2 Function Documentation

2.11.2.1 `int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void * ___, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] `__` : No input parameter
- [out] **Response** • `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`)
 - -100 : Error of the read of the auto configuration file
 - `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - `bArray` : Array of Bytes of the file
 - `ulEOF` : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.11.2.2 `int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ByteArrayInput* : Array of Bytes of the file
- [in] *ulEOF* : End of file flag
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.11.2.3 `int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *_* : No input parameter
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.12 Common synchronisation timer functions

When modules are linked through a "synchronisation bus", the master can run a timer that generate a "synchro signal" on the slaves when overrun.

Functions

- `int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulReloadValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfCycle, xsd__unsignedLong ulGenerateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption04, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

Initialises and starts the synchronisation timer of the module (not already available on all module).

- `int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
start/Restart the synchronisation timer (not already available on all module)

2.12.1 Function Documentation

2.12.1.1 `int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulReloadValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfCycle, xsd__unsignedLong ulGenerateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption04, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] **ulTimeBase** : Time base of the timer (0 for us, 1 for ms, 2 for s)
- [in] **ulReloadValue** : Timer reload value (0 to 0xFFFF), minimum reload time is 5 us
- [in] **ulNbrOfCycle** : Number of timer cycle
 - 0: continuous
 - > 0: defined number of cycle
- [in] **ulGenerateTriggerMode** :
 - 0: Wait the time overflow to set the synchronisation trigger
 - 1: Set the synchronisation trigger by the start of the timer and after each time overflow
- [in] **ulOption01** : Define the source of the trigger
 - 0 : Trigger disabled
 - 1 : Enable the hardware digital input trigger
- [in] **ulOption02** : Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generates a trigger action
 - 1 : rising edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
 - 2 : falling edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
 - 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- [in] **ulOption03** : Define the number of trigger events before the action occur
 - 1 : all trigger event start the action
 - max value : 65535
- [in] **ulOption04** : Reserved
- [out] **Response**
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - -2: not available time base
 - -3: timer reload value can not be greater than 65535
 - -4: minimum time reload is 5 us
 - -5: Number of cycle can not be greater than 65535
 - -6: Generate trigger mode error
 - -100: Init timer error
 - -101: Start timer error

- `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.12.1.2 `int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* • `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`)
 - -100: Start/Stop timer error
- `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.13 Set/Backup/Restore general system configuration

Distinct of the I/O auto-configuration/auto-start functionality, these functions allows to manipulate the general system configuration.

Functions

- `int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void ___, struct MXCommon__FileResponse *Response)`
Download a configuration backup file from the module.
- `int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Upload a new configuration on the module.
- `int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousPassword, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewPassword, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Set a new id/password.

2.13.1 Detailed Description

It includes the network configuration, and generally everything that can be set up through the web interface.

These functions have been included to ease the automation of module customisation. They may be disabled using the web interface, in "Security/Remote general system configuration authorisation/remote sysconf changes"

2.13.2 Function Documentation

2.13.2.1 `int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void * _, struct MXCommon__FileResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] `_` : No input parameter
- [out] ***Response***
 - `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`) (see `syserrno`)
 - `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - `bArray` : Array of Bytes of the file
 - `ulEOF` : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until no more data is available. At this point the flag `ulEOF` is set.

Below is an example in pseudo-C.

```
int dummy;
struct MXCommon__FileResponse Response;
while(1)
{
    if ( MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile(&dummy, &Response) != SOAP_OK)
    {
        // handle soap error
    }
    if (Response.iReturnValue)
    {
        // handle remote error (Response.syserrno contains more information)
    }
    // do something with the data, for example save it in a file
    write(fd, Response.bArray.__ptr, Response.bArray.__size);
    // if this is the end of the file, quit the loop
    if(Response.ulEOF)
        break;
}
*
```

2.13.2.2 `int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ByteArrayInput* : Array of Bytes of the file
- [in] *ulEOF* : End of file flag
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until all data is transferred. At this point the flag ulEOF must be set to 1. The new configuration is then applied.

2.13.2.3 `int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary * PreviousUser, struct xsd__base64Binary * PreviousPassword, struct xsd__base64Binary * NewUser, struct xsd__base64Binary * NewPassword, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

The changes are immediately active.

Parameters

- [in] *_* : No input parameter
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: string PreviousUser is invalid
 - -2: string PreviousPassword is invalid
 - -3: string NewUser is invalid
 - -4: string NewPassword is invalid
 - -5: authentication failed
 - -100: system error while saving tokens (use syserrno for more information)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

Warning

The parameters transit in clear text. Use this functionality only on trusted networks. Given that ADDI-DATA GmbH takes security seriously, there is no way to change the password without knowing it. No "hidden back-door". This function makes it all too easy to lock a module, if you don't remember the password you set on it.

2.14 System state management

Every MSX-E modules are composed of several sub-systems that work together to provide the system functionalities.

Functions

- `int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Returns the current state of the specified sub-system.
- `int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary *SubsystemName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Returns the ID of the sub-system of symbolic name "SubsystemName".
- `int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct xsd__base64Binary *StateName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Returns the ID of the state of symbolic name "StateName" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".
- `int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
Returns the symbolic name of the sub-system of numerical ID "SubsystemName".
- `int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, xsd__unsignedLong StateID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
Returns the symbolic name of the state of numerical ID "StateID" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".

2.14.1 Detailed Description

These sub-systems have a state that, for example, indicate if it functions nominally.

A sub-system is identified by its ID (a positive integer) and its symbolic name. Each state in the set of possible states for a given sub-system has also an ID and a symbolic name.

Names are less likely to change between releases of the MSX-E operating system. That is why manipulating names should be preferred against indexes in an application. Still, manipulating ID is more efficient.

The functions in this section provide a way to retrieve the association between names and indexes. `MXCommon__GetSubSystemState()` requests the state of a given sub-system.

Notice that the event manager is the recommended way to be warned of a change of state.

The list of sub-systems and their ID and associated name can be consulted on the web site of the module.

2.14.2 Function Documentation

2.14.2.1 `int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *SubsystemID* sub-system numerical ID

- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemID
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
- Value The state of the sub-system "Id" at the moment of the execution of the request.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.14.2.2 int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary * SubsystemName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **SubsystemName** sub-system symbolic name.
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue :Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemName
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
- Value The numerical ID of the sub-system "SubsystemName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.14.2.3 int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct xsd__base64Binary * StateName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **SubsystemID** sub-system numerical ID
- [in] **StateName** state symbolic name.
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2: invalid parameters SubsystemID or StateName
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
- Value The numerical ID of the state "StateName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.14.2.4 int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **SubsystemID** sub-system numerical ID.
- [out] **Response**
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemName
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - sArray : The symbolic name associated with the ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.14.2.5 int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, xsd__unsignedLong StateID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] **SubsystemID** sub-system numerical ID.
- [in] **StateID** sub-system numerical ID.
- [out] **Response**
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 success
 - -1 system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2 invalid parameters SubsystemID or StateID
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - sArray The symbolic name associated with the state numerical ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.15 Customer option management

Enable to get informations about the options of the system.

Functions

- int [MXCommon__GetOptionInformation](#) (void *, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct [MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse](#) *Response)
Enables to get information about the options available on the system.

2.15.1 Function Documentation

2.15.1.1 `int MXCommon__GetOptionInformation (void * __, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulOption01*,: not used, set it to 0
- [in] *ulOption02*,: not used, set it to 0
- [out] *Response*
 - sArray : Option information string
 - sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

- SOAP_OK* SOAP call success
- otherwise* SOAP protocol error

2.16 Synchronisation management

Manage the synchronisation state of the system.

Functions

- `int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void * __, xsd__unsignedLong ulState, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Writes if the MSXE has to be always set to master The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.
- `int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void * __, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Reads the status of the synchronization for the corresponding MSXE The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.

2.16.1 Function Documentation

2.16.1.1 `int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void * __, xsd__unsignedLong ulState, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulState* State of the supermaster mode
 - **0** automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
 - **1** Set to master mode at all time. The system will always be detected as master
- [in] *ulOption01* Reserved. Set to 0
- [in] *ulOption02* Reserved. Set to 0
- [out] *Response* *iReturnValue*

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** The PLD is not working
- **-3** The ulFilterTime parameter is wrong
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno *syserrno* system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.16.1.2 `int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulOption01* Reserved. Set to 0

[in] *ulOption02* Reserved. Set to 0

[out] *Response sResponse.iReturnValue*

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** The PLD is not working
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno

sResponse.syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue State of the supermaster mode

- **0** Automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
- **1** MSXE is always set as a master. The system will always be detected as master

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

2.17 input filter Filter management

Manages the analog input filters in the system.

Functions

- `int MXCommon__SetFilterChannels (struct xsd__base64Binary *ChannelList, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

This function sets or resets a filter to a channel.

2.17.1 Function Documentation

2.17.1.1 `int MXCommon__SetFilterChannels (struct xsd__base64Binary * ChannelList, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] ***ChannelList*** Each index of the array represents a channel. A filter can be affected to each channel. If FilterID = 0, no filter is set (the filter is disabled on the corresponding channel). e.g.: ChannelList[0] = FilterID // Set FilterID on channel 0.

[out] ***Response***

- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

2.18 MSXE351x analog output direct access functions

Functions

- `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputWrite1Value (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerEdgeSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Write a value to an analog output.

- `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputWriteMoreValues (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam *pulOutputType, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam *pulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerEdgeSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerCount, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam *pulValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam *pulOption04, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Write more value to analog outputs.

- `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatus (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse *Response)`

Get Analog Output Status.

2.18.1 Function Documentation

2.18.1.1 `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputWrite1Value (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerEdgeSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] **ulChannel** : Index of the analog output (0 to 7)
 - [in] **ulOutputType** : output type (0 for Voltage, 1 for Current, 2 system default)
 - [in] **ulPolarity** : output polarity (0 for unipolar, 1 for bipolar)
 - [in] **ulTriggerMask** : output trigger (0 for no trigger used, D0 for trigger input, D1 for synchro input)
Trigger input and Synchro input can not be used at the same time
 - [in] **ulTriggerEdgeSelection** : not used for the synchro input
 - 01 : rising front (Only if trigger input selected)
 - 10 : falling front (Only if trigger input selected)
 - 11 : Both front (Only if trigger input selected)
 - [in] **ulTriggerCount** : not used for the synchro input
Define the number of trigger events before the action occur
1 : all trigger event start the action
max value : 65535
 - [in] **ulValue** : output value
 - bipolar : (0 to 0xFFFF)
 - unipolar : (0 to 0x7FFF)
 - [in] **ulOption01** : Reserved
 - [in] **ulOption02** : Reserved
 - [in] **ulOption03** : Reserved
 - [out] **Response** :
iReturnValue :
 - 0: remote function performed OK
 - -1: an system error occurred
 - -2: channel selection error
 - -3: output type selection error
 - -4: polarity selection error
 - -5: trigger mask selection error
 - -6: Trigger edge selection error
 - -7: Trigger count selection error
 - -8: channel value selection error
 - -100: Write one analog output value kernel function error
- syserrno** : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.18.1.2 `int MSXE351x_AnalogOutputWriteMoreValues (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * pulOutputType, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * pulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerEdgeSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerCount, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * pulValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * pulOption04, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] ***ulChannelMask*** : Mask of the channel to write (1 bit = 1 Channel)
- [in] ***pulOutputType*** : array of output type (0 for Voltage, 1 for Current, 2 system default) for each channels
Each index of the array correspond to the channel :
sample :
- [0] : Define the voltage type for the channel 0
 - [1] : Define the voltage type for the channel 1
 - ...
- [in] ***pulPolarity*** : array of output polarity (0 for unipolar, 1 for bipolar) for each channels
Each index of the array correspond to the channel :
sample :
- [0] : Define the polarity for the channel 0
 - [1] : Define the polarity for the channel 1
 - ...
- [in] ***ulTriggerMask*** : output trigger (0 for no trigger used, D0 for trigger input, D1 for synchro input)
- [in] ***ulTriggerEdgeSelection*** : not used for the synchro input
- 01 : rising front (Only if trigger input selected)
 - 10 : falling front (Only if trigger input selected)
 - 11 : Both front (Only if trigger input selected)
- [in] ***ulTriggerCount*** : not used for the synchro input
Define the number of trigger events before the action occur
1 : all trigger event start the action
max value : 65535
- [in] ***pulValue*** : array of output value for each channels
- bipolar : (0 to 0xFFFF)
 - unipolar : (0 to 0x7FFF)
- Each index of the array correspond to the channel :
sample :
- [0] : Define the value for the channel 0
 - [1] : Define the value for the channel 1
 - ...
- [in] ***ulOption01*** : Reserved
- [in] ***ulOption02*** : Reserved
- [in] ***ulOption03*** : Reserved

[in] **pulOption04** : array of Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -2: channel selection error
- -3: output type selection error
- -4: polarity selection error
- -5: trigger mask selection error
- -6: Trigger edge selection error
- -7: Trigger count selection error
- -8: channel value selection error
- -100: Write more analog output value kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.18.1.3 int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatus (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse * Response)

Parameters

[in] **ulOption** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -100: Get analog output status kernel function error

ulStatus : Status information

- 0: ready to receive a new value
- 1: waiting for a trigger
- 2: output not available (diagnose problem or other conditions hindering normal functions)

ulInfo : reserved

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19 MSXE351x analog output generator functions

Data Structures

- struct [MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse](#)

Functions

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorInitSamplingRate (xsd_unsignedLong ulSelection, xsd_unsignedLong ulPrescaler, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response *Response)`

This function permits to select and initialize the analog output sampling rate.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorInitSingle (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd_unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd_unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd_unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd_unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd_unsignedLong ulStopState, struct UnsignedLongArray *pulDdatas, struct UnsignedShortArray *puDdatas, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response *Response)`

This function permits to initialize the analog output generator single mode.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorInitContinuous (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd_unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd_unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd_unsignedLong ulMinDataNbr, xsd_unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd_unsignedLong ulStartMode, xsd_unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd_unsignedLong ulDataSrc, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response *Response)`

This function permits to initialize the analog output generator continuous mode.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorInitFormula (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd_unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd_unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd_unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd_unsignedLong ulTimeSteps, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd_unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd_long lXStartValue, xsd_long lXEndValue, struct xsd_base64Binary *pFormula, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_GeneratorInitFormulaResponse *Response)`

This function permits to initialize the analog output generator formula mode.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorWriteDataWithSteps (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedLongArray *pDdatas, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_unsignedLongResponse *Response)`

This function permits to write the analog output and steps datas to the FIFO.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorWriteDataWithoutSteps (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedShortArray *pDdatas, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_unsignedLongResponse *Response)`

This function permits to write the analog output datas to the FIFO.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorStart (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response *Response)`

This function permits to start all selected analog output generators.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorStop (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response *Response)`

This function permits to stop all selected analog output generators.

- `int MSXE351x_GeneratorStopAndRelease (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response *Response)`

This function permits to stop and release all selected analog output generators.

2.19.1 Function Documentation

2.19.1.1 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorInitSamplingRate (xsd__unsignedLong ulSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulPrescaller, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] **ulSelection** : Sampling rate selection.

- 0 : 20kHz
- 1 : 40kHz
- 2 : Synchro trigger
- 3 : High hardware trigger edge
- 4 : Low hardware trigger edge
- 5 : High/Low hardware trigger edge

[in] **ulPrescaller** : Prescaller selection (1 to 65535). Not available for the 20kHz and 40kHz selection.

[in] **ulOption01** : Reserved

[in] **ulOption02** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Selection wrong
- -3: Prescaller selection wrong
- -4: Any generator in progress. Can not change this
- -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.2 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorInitSingle (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd__unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStopState, struct UnsignedLongArray * pulDatas, struct UnsignedShortArray * puDatas, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] **ulChannel** : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)

- [in] **ulOutputType** : Output type selection
- 0 : Voltage
 - 1 : Current
 - 2 : System default
- [in] **ulPolarity** : Polarity selection
- 0 : Unipolar
 - 1 : Bipolar (Only available for the voltage mode)
- [in] **ulCycleNbr**,: Determine the number of cycle(s). 0 for infinity.
- [in] **ulFixedSteps** : 0 to 65535. If not 0 then this value determine the common time step value for each analog value otherwise for each value you can determine the time step.
- If fixed steps selected then the pulData is a **unsigned short** array.
 - If not fixed steps selected then the pulData is a **unsigned long** array. Each high word set the time step and each low set word the analog value.
- [in] **ulGateTriggerMask** : Required hardware action to start the generator.
- 0 : No hardware action required to start the generator.
 - 1 : Hardware trigger action required to start the generator.
 - 2 : Synchro input action required to start the generator. First trigger start the generator
- [in] **ulGateTriggerMode** : Only for the hardware trigger action.
- 001 (1) : Rising front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 010 (2) : Falling front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 011 (3) : Both front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 101 (5) : High level start the generator (gate action).
 - 110 (6) : Low level start the generator (gate action).
- [in] **ulStopState** : Gnerator output stop state selection.
- 00 (0) : The output keep the state.
 - 01 (1) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values.
 - 10 (2) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after a software stop command
 - 11 (3) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values or a software stop command
- [in] **pulDatas** : Used for the not fixed time step.
- __size**: Determine the number of values.
- __ptr** : Analog values array. Each array element contain the step value (high word) and the analog value (low word).
- __offset**: Resereved. Set to 0.
- [in] **puDatas** : Used for the fixed time step.
- __size**: Determine the number of values.
- __ptr** : Analog values array. Each array element contain the analog value.
- __offset**: Resereved. Set to 0.
- [in] **ulOption01** : Reserved
- [in] **ulOption02** : Reserved
- [out] **Response** :
- iReturnValue** :
- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel selection wrong

- -3: Output type selection wrong
- -4: Polarity selection wrong
- -5: Operating mode selection wrong
- -6: Data number selection wrong
- -8: Cycle number selection wrong
- -9: Fixed steps selection wrong
- -10: Gate/Trigger mask selection wrong
- -11: Gate/Trigger mode selection wrong
- -13: Stop state selection wrong
- -15: Analog value wrong
- -16: Time step value wrong
- -100 : Kernel function error *syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.3 `int MSXE351x_GeneratorInitContinuous (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd_unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd_unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd_unsignedLong ulMinDataNbr, xsd_unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd_unsignedLong ulStartMode, xsd_unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd_unsignedLong ulDataSrc, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response * Response)`

Use the MSXE351x_GeneratorWriteData or data server to write the values

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannel* : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)
- [in] *ulOutputType* : Output type selection
 - 0 : Voltage
 - 1 : Current
 - 2 : System default
- [in] *ulPolarity* : Polarity selection
 - 0 : Unipolar
 - 1 : Bipolar (Only available for the voltage mode)
- [in] *ulMinDataNbr* : Determine the number of analogue value before start the ganarator.
- [in] *ulFixedSteps* : 0 to 65535. If not 0 then this value determine the common time step value for each analog value otherwise for each value you can determine the time step.
 - If fixed steps selected then the data to transfer is a **unsigned short** array.
 - If not fixed steps selected then data to transfer is a **unsigned long** array. Each high word set the time step and each low set word the analog value.
- [in] *ulGateTriggerMask* : Required hardware action to start the generator.
 - 0 : No hardware action required to start the generator.

- 1 : Hardware trigger action required to start the generator.
- 2 : Synchro input action required to start the generator. First trigger start the generator

[in] ***ulGateTriggerMode*** : Only for the hardware trigger action.

- 001 (1) : Rising front start the generator (trigger action).
- 010 (2) : Falling front start the generator (trigger action).
- 011 (3) : Both front start the generator (trigger action).
- 101 (5) : High level start the generator (gate action).
- 110 (6) : Low level start the generator (gate action).

[in] ***ulStartMode*** : Start mode.

- 0 : Each generator start separately
- 1 : All generators started at the same time

[in] ***ulStopState*** : Gnerator output stop state selection.

- 00 (0) : The output keep the state.
- 01 (1) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values.
- 10 (2) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after a software stop command
- 11 (3) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values or a software stop command

[in] ***ulDataSrc*** : Determine the data source.

- 1 : Receive analgue outputs datas via SOAP functions
- 2 : Receive analgue outputs datas via the data server

[in] ***ulOption01*** : Reserved

[in] ***ulOption02*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel selection wrong
 - -3: Output type selection wrong
 - -4: Polarity selection wrong
 - -7: Min data number selection wrong
 - -9: Fixed steps selection wrong
 - -10: Gate/Trigger mask selection wrong
 - -11: Gate/Trigger mode selection wrong
 - -12: Start mode selection wrong
 - -13: Stop state selection wrong
 - -14: Data source selection wrong
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- syserrno*** : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.4 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormula (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeSteps, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd__long lXStartValue, xsd__long lXEndValue, struct xsd__base64Binary * pFormula, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] ***ulChannel*** : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)
- [in] ***ulOutputType*** : Output type selection
 - 0 : Voltage
 - 1 : Current
 - 2 : System default
- [in] ***ulPolarity*** : Polarity selection
 - 0 : Unipolar
 - 1 : Bipolar (Only available for the voltage mode)
- [in] ***ulCycleNbr*** : Determine the number of cycle(s). 0 for infinity.
- [in] ***ulTimeSteps*** : 1 to 65535. This value determine the time step for each analog value.
- [in] ***ulGateTriggerMask*** : Required hardware action to start the generator.
 - 0 : No hardware action required to start the generator.
 - 1 : Hardware trigger action required to start the generator.
 - 2 : Synchro input action required to start the generator. First trigger start the generator
- [in] ***ulGateTriggerMode*** : Only for the hardware trigger action.
 - 001 (1) : Rising front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 010 (2) : Falling front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 011 (3) : Both front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 101 (5) : High level start the generator (gate action).
 - 110 (6) : Low level start the generator (gate action).
- [in] ***ulStopState*** : Gnerator output stop state selection.
 - 00 (0) : The output keep the state.
 - 01 (1) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values.
 - 10 (2) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after a software stop command
 - 11 (3) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values or a software stop command
- [in] ***lXStartValue*** : Start value from X
- [in] ***lXEndValue*** : End value from X
- [in] ***pFormula*** : Formula for the signal generation
 - __size***: Determine the formula string length + 1 for the null character.
 - __ptr*** : Formula string pointer
 - __offset***: Resereved. Set to 0.
- [in] ***ulOption01*** : Reserved
- [in] ***ulOption02*** : Reserved
- [out] ***Response*** :
 - sResponse.iReturnValue*** :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -3: Output type selection wrong
- -4: Polarity selection wrong
- -5: Operating mode selection wrong
- -6: Data number selection wrong
- -7: Min data number selection wrong
- -8: Cycle number selection wrong
- -9: Steps selection wrong
- -10: Gate/Trigger mask selection wrong
- -11: Gate/Trigger mode selection wrong
- -13: Stop state selection wrong
- -15: Analog value wrong
- -16: Steps selection wrong
- -20: IXEndValue - IXStartValue to big
- -21: Formula interpretation error. More informations via sError
- -22: Internal error
- -100 : Kernel function error

sError : If error -21 then return the error message

sError.__size : Return the error message string length + 1 for the null character.

sError.__ptr : Return the error message. *sError.__offset* : Resereved. return 0. *ulErrorStartPos* : If error -21 return the start position in pFormula for the error identification

ulErrorEndPos : If error -21 return the end position in pcFormula for the error identification

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.5 `int MSXE351x_GeneratorWriteDataWithSteps (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedLongArray * pData, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse * Response)`

Only for the continuous mode.

Parameters

[in] *ulChannel* : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)

[in] *pData* :

__size: Determine the number of values.

__ptr : Analog values array. Each array element contain the step value (high word) and the analog value (low word).

__offset: Resereved. Set to 0.

[in] *ulOption01* : Reserved

[in] *ulOption02* : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred (check errno in this case)
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -3: Data source wrong
- -4: Data number wrong
- -5: Analog value wrong
- -6: Time step value wrong
- -100 : Kernel function error

ulValue : Number of write analog output values

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.6 int MSXE351x__GeneratorWriteDataWithoutSteps (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedShortArray * pData, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse * Response)

Only for the continuous mode.

Parameters

[in] **ulChannel** : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)

[in] **pData** :

__size: Determine the number of values.

__ptr : Analog values array. Each array element contain the analog value.

__offset: Resereved. Set to 0.

[in] **ulOption01** : Reserved

[in] **ulOption02** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred (check errno in this case)
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -3: Data source wrong
- -4: Data number wrong
- -5: Analog value wrong
- -6: Time step value wrong
- -100 : Kernel function error

ulValue : Number of write analog output values

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.7 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask,
xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct
MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannelMask* : Channel mask of analog outputs channels. 0 for start all initialised generators.
- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
- iReturnValue* :
- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel mask selection wrong
 - -3: Any generator(s) not initialised
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.8 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStop (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask,
xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct
MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannelMask* : Channel mask of analog outputs channels. 0 for start all started generators.
- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
- iReturnValue* :
- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel mask selection wrong
 - -3: Any generator(s) not initialised
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.19.1.9 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

This is necessary for make any single write value access.

Parameters

- [in] **ulChannelMask** : Channel mask of analog outputs channels. 0 for start all started generators.
- [in] **ulOption01** : Reserved
- [in] **ulOption02** : Reserved
- [out] **Response** :
iReturnValue :
 - 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error ocured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel mask selection wrong
 - -3: Any generator(s) not initialised
 - -100 : Kernel function error**syserrno** : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.20 MSXE351x analog output diagnostic functions

Data Structures

- struct [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse](#)

Functions

- int [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnostic](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse](#) *Response)
Get diagnostic information.
- int [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputRearmDiagnostic](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)
Rearm the diagnostic.

2.20.1 Function Documentation

2.20.1.1 `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnostic (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] **ulOption** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -2: channel selection error
- -100: Get diagnostic information kernel function error

ulOverTemperature : over temperature mask information (each bit correspond to one channel)

- 0: no over temperature detected,
- 1: over temperature detected

ulShortCircuitOROpenLoad : short circuit/open load mask information (each bit correspond to one channel)

- 0: no short-circuit/open-load detected,
- 1: short circuit detected

ulInfo : reserved

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

Note

: that the output is in short-circuit or open-load state depends of its current configuration

2.20.1.2 int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputRearmDiagnostic (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)

Parameters

[in] **ulOption** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
 - -1: an system error occurred
 - -100: Rearm diagnostic kernel function error
- syserrno** : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.21 MSXE351x watchdog functions

Data Structures

- struct [MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse](#)

Modules

- [Compatibility functions](#)

Functions

- `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulMaster, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulDelay, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Init and start the selected analog output watchdog.

- `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Stop and release the selected analog output watchdog.

- `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValue (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse *Response)`

Get the selected watchdog current status and value information.

- `int MSXE351x__WatchdogsTrigger (xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Trigger the selected watchdog(s).

2.21.1 Function Documentation

2.21.1.1 `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulMaster, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulDelay, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] **ulWatchdog** : Watchdog index.
- [in] **ulMaster** : Only for watchdog 0.
1: Master watchdog. Watchdog 0 used for all channels
- [in] **ulTimebase** : Time base selection
 - 0: micro s
 - 1: ms
 - 2: s
- [in] **ulDelay** : 1 to 65535: Watchdog delay time
- [in] **ulTriggerMask** : Trigger source
 - 1 : Write DA access
 - 2 : Software trigger
 - 4 : Hardware trigger

- 8 : Synchro trigger

[in] ***ulHardwareTriggerEdge*** :

- 1 : Rising edge
- 2 : Falling edge
- 3 : Both front

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption2*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred (check errno in this case)
- -2: Wrong watchdog index.
- -3: Wrong time base.
- -4: Wrong delay.
- -5: Wrong master configuration.
- -6: Wrong trigger mask.
- -7: Wrong hardware trigger edge.
- -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.21.1.2 `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] ***ulWatchdog*** : Watchdog index.

[in] ***ulOption1*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] ***ulOption2*** : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] ***Response*** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occurred (check errno in this case)
- -2: Wrong watchdog index.
- -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.21.1.3 `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValue (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulWatchdog* : Watchdog index.
- [in] *ulOption1* : Reserved. Set to 0
- [in] *ulOption2* : Reserved. Set to 0
- [out] *Response* :
 - sResponse.iReturnValue* :
 - 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Wrong watchdog index.
 - -100 : Kernel function error
 - ulStatus* : Watchdog status
 - 0: Disabled
 - 1: Running
 - 2: Disabled and run down
 - 3: Enabled and run down
 - ulValue* : Current watchdog down counter value (0 to 65535)
 - ulInfo* : reserved
 - sResponse.syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.21.1.4 `int MSXE351x__WatchdogsTrigger (xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

This only if running and software trigger initialised

Parameters

- [in] *ulTriggerMask* : Watchdog trigger mask. 0 for all running watchdog(s).
- [in] *ulOption1* : Reserved. Set to 0
- [in] *ulOption2* : Reserved. Set to 0
- [out] *Response* :
 - iReturnValue* :
 - 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Watchdog mask selection wrong
 - -3: Any watchdog(s) not running
 - -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.22 Compatibility functions

Data Structures

- struct [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse](#)

Functions

- int [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogInitAndStart](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)
Init and start the analog output watchdog.
- int [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogStopAndRelease](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)
Stop and release the analog output watchdog.
- int [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValue](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse](#) *Response)
Get IO watchdog current status and value information.

2.22.1 Function Documentation

2.22.1.1 int [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogInitAndStart](#) (xsd__unsignedLong *ulTimeBase*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulTimeValue*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption1*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption2*, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) * *Response*)

Parameters

- [in] *ulTimeBase* : Time base of the watchdog delay (0 for mus, 1 for ms, 2 for s)
- [in] *ulTimeValue* : Time base of the watchdog delay (0 to 0xFFFF)
- [in] *ulOption1* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption2* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
- iReturnValue* :
- 0: remote function performed OK
 - -1: an system error occurred
 - -2: time base selection error
 - -3: time value selection error
 - -100: Init and start analog output watchdog kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.22.1.2 int MSXE351x_IOWatchdogStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MSXE351x__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* : reserved

[out] *Response* :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -100: Stop and release analog output watchdog kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

2.22.1.3 int MSXE351x_IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValue (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* : Reserved

[out] *Response* :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -2: channel selection error
- -100: Get diagnostic information kernel function error

ulStatus : current status information

- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX0: is stopped,
- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX1: is running,
- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX0X: is not run down
- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX1X: is run down

ulValue : current value information (0 to 0xFFFF)

ulInfo : reserved

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

Chapter 3

Data Structure Documentation

3.1 ByteArray Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of byte - encapsulates C-type strings.

Data Fields

- `xsd__unsignedByte * __ptr`
pointer of byte
- `int __size`
size of the byte array in bytes
- `int __offset`
not used

3.1.1 Field Documentation

3.1.1.1 `xsd__unsignedByte* ByteArray::__ptr`

3.1.1.2 `int ByteArray::__size`

3.1.1.3 `int ByteArray::__offset`

3.2 DefaultResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- `xsd__int iReturnValue`
return value of the call :
- `xsd__int syserrno`
system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

3.2.1 Field Documentation

3.2.1.1 xsd__int DefaultResponse::iReturnValue

- 0 means the remote function performed OK
- -1 means a system error occurred, the meaning of other values is function dependant and should be defined in the related header

3.2.1.2 xsd__int DefaultResponse::syserrno

3.3 MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse sResponse](#)
Default return values.
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulOverTemperature](#)
over temperature information
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulShortCircuitOROpenLoad](#)
short circuit / open load information
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo](#)
reserved

3.3.1 Field Documentation

3.3.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse::sResponse

3.3.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse::ulOverTemperature

3.3.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse::ulShortCircuitOROpenLoad

3.3.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse::ulInfo

3.4 MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse sResponse](#)
Default return values.

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulStatus](#)
status information
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo](#)
reserved

3.4.1 Field Documentation

3.4.1.1 struct [DefaultResponse MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse::sResponse](#)

3.4.1.2 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse::ulStatus](#)

3.4.1.3 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse::ulInfo](#)

3.5 MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse sResponse](#)
Default return values.
- struct [ByteArray sError](#)
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulErrorStartPos](#)
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulErrorEndPos](#)

3.5.1 Field Documentation

3.5.1.1 struct [DefaultResponse MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse::sResponse](#)

3.5.1.2 struct [ByteArray MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse::sError](#)

3.5.1.3 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse::ulErrorStartPos](#)

3.5.1.4 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse::ulErrorEndPos](#)

3.6 MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse sResponse](#)
Default return values.
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulStatus](#)
Watchdog current status information.
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulValue](#)

Watchdog current value information.

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo](#)
reserved

3.6.1 Field Documentation

3.6.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::sResponse

3.6.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::ulStatus

3.6.1.3 xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::ulValue

3.6.1.4 xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::ulInfo

3.7 MSXE351x__Response Struct Reference

Data Fields

- [xsd__int iReturnValue](#)
return value of the call :
- [xsd__int syserrno](#)
system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

3.7.1 Field Documentation

3.7.1.1 xsd__int MSXE351x__Response::iReturnValue

- 0 means the remote function performed OK
- -1 means a system error occurred, the meaning of other values is function dependant and should be defined in the related header

3.7.1.2 xsd__int MSXE351x__Response::syserrno

3.8 MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse sResponse](#)
Default return values.
- [xsd__unsignedLong ulStatus](#)

Watchdog current status information.

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulValue](#)

Watchdog current value information.

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo](#)

reserved

3.8.1 Field Documentation

3.8.1.1 [struct DefaultResponse MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::sResponse](#)

3.8.1.2 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::ulStatus](#)

3.8.1.3 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::ulValue](#)

3.8.1.4 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse::ulInfo](#)

3.9 MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam Struct Reference

Data Fields

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulValue](#) [8]

The meaning of this field is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

3.9.1 Field Documentation

3.9.1.1 [xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam::ulValue](#)[8]

3.10 MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- [struct DefaultResponse sResponse](#)

Default return values.

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulValue](#)

the meaning of this value is defined in the related header of the function who use this type

3.10.1 Field Documentation

3.10.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse::sResponse`

3.10.1.2 `xsd__unsignedLong MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse::ulValue`

3.11 MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse Struct Reference

Response containing a C-type string.

Data Fields

- struct `DefaultResponse sResponse`
Default return values.
- struct `ByteArray sArray`
Dynamic Array of byte - encapsulates C-type strings.

3.11.1 Field Documentation

3.11.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse::sResponse`

3.11.1.2 struct `ByteArray MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse::sArray`

3.12 MXCommon__FileResponse Struct Reference

Response containing a chunk of a file.

Data Fields

- struct `DefaultResponse sResponse`
return values.
- struct `ByteArray sArray`
Dynamic Array of byte.
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF`
flag indicating end of file.

3.12.1 Field Documentation

3.12.1.1 struct [DefaultResponse](#) MXCommon__FileResponse::sResponse

3.12.1.2 struct [ByteArray](#) MXCommon__FileResponse::sArray

3.12.1.3 [xsd__unsignedLong](#) MXCommon__FileResponse::ulEOF

3.13 MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse](#) sResponse

Default return values.

- struct [ByteArray](#) bArray

Array of byte of the file.

- [xsd__unsignedLong](#) ulEOF

End of file flag.

3.13.1 Field Documentation

3.13.1.1 struct [DefaultResponse](#) MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse::sResponse

3.13.1.2 struct [ByteArray](#) MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse::bArray

3.13.1.3 [xsd__unsignedLong](#) MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse::ulEOF

3.14 MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse](#) sResponse

Default return values.

- struct [sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort](#) sPort0

- struct [sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort](#) sPort1

3.14.1 Field Documentation

3.14.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse::sResponse`

3.14.1.2 struct `sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse::sPort0`

3.14.1.3 struct `sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse::sPort1`

3.15 MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct `DefaultResponse sResponse`
Default return values.
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulFilterTime`
Hardware filter time (step of 250ns).
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo01`
Reserved.
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo02`
Reserved.

3.15.1 Field Documentation

3.15.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::sResponse`

3.15.1.2 `xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::ulFilterTime`

3.15.1.3 `xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::ulInfo01`

3.15.1.4 `xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse::ulInfo02`

3.16 MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct `DefaultResponse sResponse`
Default return values.
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulState`

0 : Trigger input is low / 1 : Trigger input is high

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo01](#)

Reserved.

- [xsd__unsignedLong ulInfo02](#)

Reserved.

3.16.1 Field Documentation

3.16.1.1 struct [DefaultResponse](#) [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::sResponse](#)

3.16.1.2 [xsd__unsignedLong](#) [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::ulState](#)

3.16.1.3 [xsd__unsignedLong](#) [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::ulInfo01](#)

3.16.1.4 [xsd__unsignedLong](#) [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse::ulInfo02](#)

3.17 MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse](#) [sResponse](#)

Default return value.

- [xsd__double](#) [dTemperatureValue](#)

Temperature value.

- [xsd__unsignedLong](#) [ulTemperatureStatus](#)

Temperature status.

- [xsd__unsignedLong](#) [ulInfo](#)

Reserved.

3.17.1 Field Documentation

- 3.17.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse MXCommon__ - GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::sResponse`
- 3.17.1.2 `xsd__double MXCommon__ - GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::dTemperatureValue`
- 3.17.1.3 `xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__ - GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::ulTemperatureStatus`
- 3.17.1.4 `xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__ - GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse::ulInfo`

3.18 MXCommon__GetTimeResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct `DefaultResponse sResponse`
Default return values.
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime`
Number of microseconds since the begin of the second.
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime`
Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970).

3.18.1 Field Documentation

- 3.18.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetTimeResponse::sResponse`
- 3.18.1.2 `xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetTimeResponse::ulLowTime`
- 3.18.1.3 `xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetTimeResponse::ulHighTime`

3.19 MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct `DefaultResponse sResponse`
Default return value.
- `xsd__unsignedLong ulUpTime`
Reserved.

3.19.1 Field Documentation

3.19.1.1 struct DefaultResponse MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse::sResponse

3.19.1.2 xsd__unsignedLong MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse::ulUpTime

3.20 MXCommon__Response Struct Reference

contains return values

Data Fields

- [xsd__int iReturnValue](#)

return value of the call :

- 0 success
- -1 a system error occurred, the meaning of other values is function dependent and should be defined in the related header.

- [xsd__int syserrno](#)

system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#)).

3.20.1 Field Documentation

3.20.1.1 xsd__int MXCommon__Response::iReturnValue

3.20.1.2 xsd__int MXCommon__Response::syserrno

3.21 MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse Struct Reference

Data Fields

- struct [DefaultResponse sResponse](#)

Default return values.

- struct [ByteArray bValueArray](#)

non encrypted value

- struct [ByteArray bCryptedValueArray](#)

encrypted value

3.21.1 Field Documentation

3.21.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse` `MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse::sResponse`

3.21.1.2 struct `ByteArray` `MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse::bValueArray`

3.21.1.3 struct `ByteArray` `MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse::bCryptedValueArray`

3.22 `MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse` Struct Reference

Response containing a numerical value (ex: return code).

Data Fields

- struct `DefaultResponse` `sResponse`

Default return values.

- `xsd__unsignedLong` `ulValue`

The meaning of this value is defined in the related header of the function who use this type.

3.22.1 Field Documentation

3.22.1.1 struct `DefaultResponse` `MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse::sResponse`

3.22.1.2 `xsd__unsignedLong` `MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse::ulValue`

3.23 `sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort` Struct Reference

Data Fields

- `xsd__unsignedLong` `ulState`
- `xsd__unsignedLong` `ulSpeed`
- `xsd__unsignedLong` `ulDuplex`
- `xsd__unsignedLong` `ulInfo1`
- `xsd__unsignedLong` `ulInfo2`

3.23.1 Field Documentation

3.23.1.1 `xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulState`

3.23.1.2 `xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulSpeed`

3.23.1.3 `xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulDuplex`

3.23.1.4 `xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulInfo1`

3.23.1.5 `xsd__unsignedLong sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort::ulInfo2`

3.24 UnsignedLongArray Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of unsigned long.

Data Fields

- `xsd__unsignedLong * __ptr`
pointer of unsigned Long
- `int __size`
size of the unsigned Long array in Bytes
- `int __offset`
not used

3.24.1 Field Documentation

3.24.1.1 `xsd__unsignedLong* UnsignedLongArray::__ptr`

3.24.1.2 `int UnsignedLongArray::__size`

3.24.1.3 `int UnsignedLongArray::__offset`

3.25 UnsignedShortArray Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of unsigned short.

Data Fields

- `xsd__unsignedShort * __ptr`
pointer of unsigned short
- `int __size`
size of the unsigned short array in Bytes

- int [__offset](#)
not used

3.25.1 Field Documentation

3.25.1.1 `xsd__unsignedShort* UnsignedShortArray::__ptr`

3.25.1.2 `int UnsignedShortArray::__size`

3.25.1.3 `int UnsignedShortArray::__offset`

3.26 `xsd__base64Binary` Struct Reference

Dynamic Array of byte for input use.

Data Fields

- unsigned char * [__ptr](#)
pointer of byte
- int [__size](#)
size of the byte array

3.26.1 Field Documentation

3.26.1.1 `unsigned char* xsd__base64Binary::__ptr`

3.26.1.2 `int xsd__base64Binary::__size`

Chapter 4

File Documentation

4.1 MSXE351x_public_doc.h File Reference

Data Structures

- struct [xsd__base64Binary](#)
Dynamic Array of byte for input use.
- struct [UnsignedShortArray](#)
Dynamic Array of unsigned short.
- struct [UnsignedLongArray](#)
Dynamic Array of unsigned long.
- struct [ByteArray](#)
Dynamic Array of byte - encapsulates C-type strings.
- struct [DefaultResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__Response](#)
contains return values
- struct [MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse](#)
Response containing a C-type string.
- struct [MXCommon__FileResponse](#)
Response containing a chunk of a file.
- struct [MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse](#)
Response containing a numerical value (ex: return code).
- struct [sGetEthernetLinksStatesPort](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse](#)

- struct [MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetTimeResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse](#)
- struct [MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__Response](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse](#)
- struct [MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse](#)

Typedefs

- typedef char * [xsd__string](#)
encode xsd__string value as the xsd:string schema type
- typedef char [xsd__char](#)
encode xsd__string value as the xsd:char schema type
- typedef float [xsd__float](#)
encode xsd__float value as the xsd:float schema type
- typedef double [xsd__double](#)
encode xsd__double value as the xsd:double schema type
- typedef int [xsd__int](#)
encode xsd__int value as the xsd:int schema type
- typedef long [xsd__long](#)
encode xsd__long value as the xsd:long schema type
- typedef unsigned char [xsd__unsignedByte](#)
encode xsd__unsignedByte value as the xsd:unsignedByte schema type
- typedef unsigned int [xsd__unsignedInt](#)
encode xsd__unsignedInt value as the xsd:unsignedInt schema type
- typedef unsigned short int [xsd__unsignedShort](#)
encode xsd__unsignedShort value as the xsd:unsignedShort schema type
- typedef unsigned long [xsd__unsignedLong](#)
encode xsd__unsignedLong value as the xsd:unsignedLong schema type

Functions

- `int MXCommon__GetModuleType (void *__, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
This function return the type of the MSX-E Module.
- `int MXCommon__GetHostname (void *__, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
This function return the hostname of the MSX-E Module.
- `int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary *bHostname, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
This function allows to set the hostname of the MSX-E Module.
- `int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void *__, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
This function return the client connection list.
- `int MXCommon__Sterror (xsd__int errnum, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
Call the libc strerror() on the remote device (actually this is a call to strerror_r()).
- `int MXCommon__Reboot (void *__, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Ask the MSX-E module to reboot.
- `int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Reset the I/O functionalities of the MSX-E system.
- `int MXCommon__DataseverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong ulAction, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Restart the data-server service.
- `int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void *__, struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse *Response)`
Get MSX-E Ethernet links states.
- `int MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse *Response)`
Read the temperature on the module.
- `int MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels (xsd__double dMinimalWarningLevel, xsd__double dMaximalWarningLevel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Set the temperature warning level on the module.
- `int MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulFilterTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).
- `int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse *Response)`

Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input.

- `int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse *Response)`

Get the hardware trigger state after the filter.

- `int MXCommon__SetCustomerKey (struct xsd__base64Binary *bKey, struct xsd__base64Binary *bPublicKey, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

Set the Customer key.

- `int MXCommon__TestCustomerID (void *_, struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse *Response)`

Test the Customer ID (if the module has the right customer Key).

- `int MXCommon__SetTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

Set the time on the module.

- `int MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

Set the hardware clock (if present) to the current system time.

- `int MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys (void *_, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

Set the system time from the hardware clock (if present).

- `int MXCommon__GetTime (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse *Response)`

Get the time on the module.

- `int MXCommon__GetUpTime (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse *Response)`

Ask the MSX-E module uptime (number of seconds since the last boot).

- `int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void *_, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse *Response)`

Get the auto configuration file of the module.

- `int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

Set the auto configuration file of the module.

- `int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void *_, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`

start/Restart the auto configuration

- `int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulReloadValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfCycle, xsd__unsignedLong ulGenerateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption04, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

Initialises and starts the synchronisation timer of the module (not already available on all module).

- `int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

start/Restart the synchronisation timer (not already available on all module)

- `int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void ___, struct MXCommon__FileResponse *Response)`
Download a configuration backup file from the module.
- `int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary *ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Upload a new configuration on the module.
- `int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *PreviousPassword, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewUser, struct xsd__base64Binary *NewPassword, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Set a new id/password.
- `int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Returns the current state of the specified sub-system.
- `int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary *SubsystemName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Returns the ID of the sub-system of symbolic name "SubsystemName".
- `int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct xsd__base64Binary *StateName, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Returns the ID of the state of symbolic name "StateName" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".
- `int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
Returns the symbolic name of the sub-system of numerical ID "SubsystemName".
- `int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, xsd__unsignedLong StateID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
Returns the symbolic name of the state of numerical ID "StateID" of the sub-system of ID "SubsystemID".
- `int MXCommon__GetOptionInformation (void ___, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse *Response)`
Enables to get information about the options available on the system.
- `int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void ___, xsd__unsignedLong ulState, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`
Writes if the MSXE has to be always set to master The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.
- `int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void ___, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`
Reads the status of the synchronization for the corresponding MSXE The master mode (when enabled) make the system always detected as master.
- `int MXCommon__SetFilterChannels (struct xsd__base64Binary *ChannelList, struct MXCommon__Response *Response)`

This function sets or resets a filter to a channel.

- int [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputWrite1Value](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerEdgeSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)

Write a value to an analog output.

- int [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputWriteMoreValues](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, struct [MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam](#) *pulOutputType, struct [MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam](#) *pulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerEdgeSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerCount, struct [MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam](#) *pulValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, struct [MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam](#) *pulOption04, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)

Write more value to analog outputs.

- int [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatus](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse](#) *Response)

Get Analog Output Status.

- int [MSXE351x__GeneratorInitSamplingRate](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulPrescaler, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)

This function permits to select and initialize the analog output sampling rate.

- int [MSXE351x__GeneratorInitSingle](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd__unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStopState, struct [UnsignedLongArray](#) *pulDdatas, struct [UnsignedShortArray](#) *puDdatas, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)

This function permits to initialize the analog output generator single mode.

- int [MSXE351x__GeneratorInitContinuous](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulMinDataNbr, xsd__unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStartMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd__unsignedLong ulDataSrc, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)

This function permits to initialize the analog output generator continuous mode.

- int [MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormula](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeSteps, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd__long lXStartValue, xsd__long lXEndValue, struct [xsd__base64Binary](#) *pFormula, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct [MSXE351x__GeneratorInitFormulaResponse](#) *Response)

This function permits to initialize the analog output generator formula mode.

- `int MSXE351x__GeneratorWriteDataWithSteps (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedLongArray *pDdatas, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`

This function permits to write the analog output and steps datas to the FIFO.

- `int MSXE351x__GeneratorWriteDataWithoutSteps (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedShortArray *pDdatas, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse *Response)`

This function permits to write the analog output datas to the FIFO.

- `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

This function permits to start all selected analog output generators.

- `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStop (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

This function permits to stop all selected analog output generators.

- `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

This function permits to stop and release all selected analog output generators.

- `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnostic (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse *Response)`

Get diagnostic information.

- `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputRearmDiagnostic (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Rearm the diagnostic.

- `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulMaster, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulDelay, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Init and start the selected analog output watchdog.

- `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Stop and release the selected analog output watchdog.

- `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValue (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse *Response)`

Get the selected watchdog current status and value information.

- `int MSXE351x__WatchdogsTrigger (xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response *Response)`

Trigger the selected watchdog(s).

- int [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogInitAndStart](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)

Init and start the analog output watchdog.

- int [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogStopAndRelease](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MSXE351x__Response](#) *Response)

Stop and release the analog output watchdog.

- int [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValue](#) (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct [MSXE351x_IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse](#) *Response)

Get IO watchdog current status and value information.

4.1.1 Typedef Documentation

4.1.1.1 typedef char* xsd__string

4.1.1.2 typedef char xsd__char

4.1.1.3 typedef float xsd__float

4.1.1.4 typedef double xsd__double

4.1.1.5 typedef int xsd__int

4.1.1.6 typedef long xsd__long

4.1.1.7 typedef unsigned char xsd__unsignedByte

4.1.1.8 typedef unsigned int xsd__unsignedInt

4.1.1.9 typedef unsigned short int xsd__unsignedShort

4.1.1.10 typedef unsigned long xsd__unsignedLong

4.1.2 Function Documentation

4.1.2.1 int [MXCommon__GetModuleType](#) (void * _, struct [MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse](#) * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] _ : no input parameter

[out] *Response* • sArray : Module type string
• sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.2 int MXCommon__GetHostname (void * __, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] *__* : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sArray : Hostname of the module
- iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.3 int MXCommon__SetHostname (struct xsd__base64Binary * bHostname, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)

Parameters

- [in] *bHostname* : Hostname
- [out] **Response** • iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.4 int MXCommon__GetClientConnections (void * __, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] *__* : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sArray : string containing the list of connected clients.
- sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

The sArray string is of the form IP-Address:first connection-second connection---- IP-Address:first connection-second connection----

Sample: 172.16.3.43:8989-5555 172.16.3.200:8989

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.5 `int MXCommon__Strerror (xsd__int errnum, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Usually SOAP functions return this value in a variable named `syserror`, which is meaningful only when the function return value, usually called `iReturnValue`, indicate an error (that is, have a value of -1 or -100, depending of the case).

Parameters

- [in] **errnum** : Error number
- [out] **Response** • sArray : See the description below.
- sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`).
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

STRERROR(3) Linux Programmer's Manual
 STRERROR(3)

NAME

`strerror`, `strerror_r` - return string describing error code

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
char *strerror(int errnum);
```

```
#define _XOPEN_SOURCE 600
#include <string.h>
```

```
int strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);
```

DESCRIPTION

The `strerror()` function returns a string describing the error code passed in the argument `errnum`, possibly using the `LC_MESSAGES` part of the current locale to select the appropriate language.

This string must not be modified by the application, but may be modified by a subsequent call to `perror()` or `strerror()`. No library function will modify this string.

The `strerror_r()` function is similar to `strerror()`, but is thread safe. It returns the string in the user-supplied buffer `buf` of length `n`.

RETURN VALUE

The `strerror()` function returns the appropriate error description string, or an unknown error message if the error code is unknown.

The value of `errno` is not changed for a successful call, and is set to a non-zero value upon error.

The `strerror_r()` function returns 0 on success and -1 on failure, setting `errno`.

ERRORS

EINVAL The value of `errnum` is not a valid error number.

ERANGE Insufficient storage was supplied to contain the error description string.

CONFORMING TO

SVID 3, POSIX, 4.3BSD, ISO/IEC 9899:1990 (C89).

`strerror_r()` with prototype as given above is specified by SUSv3, and was in use under Digital Unix and HP Unix. An incompatible function, with prototype

```
char *strerror_r(int errnum, char *buf, size_t n);
```

is a GNU extension used by glibc (since 2.0), and must be regarded as obsolete in view of SUSv3.
 The GNU version may, but need not, use the user-supplied buffer.
 If it does, the result may be truncated in case the supplied buffer is too small.
 The result is always NUL-terminated.

SEE ALSO
 errno(3), perror(3), strsignal(3)

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.6 int MXCommon__Reboot (void * __, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] *__* : no input parameter
 [out] *Response* • *iReturnValue* : Return value
 – 0 : success
 – -1 : system error (see syserrno)
 • *syserrno* : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.7 int MXCommon__ResetAllIOFunctionalities (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

The behavior of the function depends on the MSX-E system that is used.

On MSX-E3511: Stop the watchdogs and stop the generators
 On MSX-E3601: Stop the sequence acquisition and stop the calibration
 On MSX-E3701: Stop the acquisition

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* Reserved. Set to 0
 [out] *Response* *iReturnValue*
 • 0 The remote function performed OK
 • -1 Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
 • -100 Function not supported by the system
 syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 *SOAP_OK*
Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.8 int MXCommon__DataserverRestart (xsd__unsignedLong *ulAction*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

- [in] *ulAction* : action
- 0: normal restart
 - 1: with cache file reset
 - 2: with cache file deletion
- [in] *ulOption* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* • iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

Note

(revision>6386) Depending on the system type, can be used to restart the data-recv service as well. In this case, parameter action is ignored.

4.1.2.9 int MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStates (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetEthernetLinksStatesResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

- [in] _ : no input parameter
- [out] *Response* Structure that contains the MSX-E Ethernet links states and errors:
- sResponse.iReturnValue*
- **0** The remote function performed OK
 - **-1** System error occurred
 - **-2** Fail to get Ethernet links states
 - **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- sResponse.syserrno* system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)
- sPort0: Fisrt port informations*
- **ulState**
 - **0** Link down
 - **1** Link up
 - **ulSpeed**
 - **10** 10 Mb/s
 - **100** 100 Mb/s
 - **ulDuplex**
 - **0** Half duplex
 - **1** Full duplex

- **ulInfo1** Reserved
- **ulInfo2** Reserved

sPort1: Second port informations

- **ulState**
 - **0** Link down
 - **1** Link up
- **ulSpeed**
 - **10** 10 Mb/s
 - **100** 100 Mb/s
- **ulDuplex**
 - **0** Half duplex
 - **1** Full duplex
- **ulInfo1** Reserved
- **ulInfo2** Reserved

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.10 `int MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatus (xsd__unsignedLong
ulOption, struct MXCommon__GetModuleTemperatureValueAndStatusResponse *
Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* : Reserved

[out] *Response* • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

- **0** : success
- **-1** : system error (see syserrno)
- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - dValue : Temperature value in Degree Celsius
- ulTemperatureStatus : Temperature Status :
 - TEMPERATURE_INITIAL = 0 : Temperature not ready
 - TEMPERATURE_TOLOW = 1 : Temperature too low !
 - TEMPERATURE_LOW = 2 : Temperature under the min warning value
 - TEMPERATURE_NOMINAL = 3 : Temperature in the nominal range
 - TEMPERATURE_HIGH = 4 : Temperature over the max warning value
 - TEMPERATURE_TOOHIGH = 5 : Temperature too high !

- **ulInfo** : Reserved

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.11 `int MXCommon__SetModuleTemperatureWarningLevels (xsd__double dMinimalWarningLevel, xsd__double dMaximalWarningLevel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *dMinimalWarningLevel* : Minimal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius
- [in] *dMaximalWarningLevel* : Maximal temperature warning level in Degree : 5 to 60 Degree Celsius
- [in] *ulOption* : Reserved
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

- SOAP_OK* SOAP call success
- otherwise* SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.12 `int MXCommon__SetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulFilterTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Sets the filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250 ns (max value: 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

- [in] *ulFilterTime* Filter time for the hardware trigger input in steps of 250ns (max value : 65535).
 - **0**: Disable the filter
 - **1**: Sets the filter time to 250 ns
 - **2**: Sets the filter time to 500 ns
 - ...
 - **65535**: Sets the filter time to 16 ms
- [in] *ulOption* Reserved. Set to 0
- [out] *Response* Response of the system
 - *sResponse.iReturnValue*
 - **0**: The remote function performed OK
 - **-1**: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
 - *sResponse.syserrno* system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

- 0** SOAP_OK
- Others* See SOAP error

4.1.2.13 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTime (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerFilterTimeResponse * *Response*)

Get the filter time for the hardware trigger input in **250ns** step (max value : 65535).

On the MSX-E3011 system, the step of the hardware trigger filter is **622ns**.

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* Reserved. Set to 0

[out] *Response* Response of the system

- *ulFilterTime* filter time for the hardware trigger input
 - 0: filter disabled
 - 1: filter of 250ns
 - 2: filter of 500ns
 - ...
 - 65535: filter of 16ms
- *sResponse.iReturnValue*
 - 0: The remote function performed OK
 - -1: Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno
- *sResponse.syserrno* system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.14 int MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerState (xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption*, struct MXCommon__GetHardwareTriggerStateResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* : Reserved

[out] *Response* • *ulState* : Hardware trigger input state.

- 0: Hardware trigger input is low
- 1: Hardware trigger input is high.
- *sResponse.iReturnValue* : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
- *sResponse.syserrno* : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.15 `int MXCommon__SetCustomerKey (struct xsd__base64Binary * bKey, struct xsd__base64Binary * bPublicKey, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *bKey* : Customer key (only writable on the module) [32 bytes containing a AES key]
- [in] *bPublicKey* : IV (Initialisation vector) for the AES cryptography [16 bytes containing a AES key]
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.16 `int MXCommon__TestCustomerID (void * _, struct MXCommon__TestCustomerIDResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *_* : No Input
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - bValueArray : non encrypted value array [16 bytes of random data]
 - bCryptedValueArray : Encrypted value array [16 bytes of the encrypted random data]

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.17 `int MXCommon__SetTime (xsd__unsignedLong ulLowTime, xsd__unsignedLong ulHighTime, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulLowTime* : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second
- [in] *ulHighTime* : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.18 int MXCommon__SysToHardwareClock (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)**Parameters**

- [in] _ No input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

4.1.2.19 int MXCommon__HardwareClockToSys (void * _, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)

When the hardware clock is present, the system time is automatically set to it when the module becomes master on the inter-module synchronisation bus.

Parameters

- [in] _ No input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

If this function fails, it means the module does not have a hardware RTC, or the hardware is not functional. Check the "hwclock" subsystem status.

4.1.2.20 int MXCommon__GetTime (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetTimeResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] _ : No input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - ulLowTime : Number of microseconds since the begin of the second
 - ulHighTime : Number of seconds since the Epoch (1st January,1970)

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.21 int MXCommon__GetUpTime (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetUpTimeResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] _ : no input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - ulUpTime : Number of seconds since the last boot of the system.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.22 int MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFile (void * _, struct MXCommon__GetAutoConfigurationFileResponse * Response)

Parameters

- [in] _ : No input parameter
- [out] **Response** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - -100 : Error of the read of the auto configuration file
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - bArray : Array of Bytes of the file

- *ulEOF* : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.23 `int MXCommon__SetAutoConfigurationFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ByteArrayInput* : Array of Bytes of the file

[in] *ulEOF* : End of file flag

[out] *Response* • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

– 0 : success

– -1: system error (see syserrno)

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.24 `int MXCommon__StartAutoConfiguration (void * _, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *_* : No input parameter

[out] *Response* • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

– 0 : success

– -1: system error (see syserrno)

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
- sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.25 `int MXCommon__InitAndStartSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulReloadValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulNbrOfCycle, xsd__unsignedLong ulGenerateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption04, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulTimeBase* : Time base of the timer (0 for us, 1 for ms, 2 for s)

- [in] ***ulReloadValue*** : Timer reload value (0 to 0xFFFF), minimum reload time is 5 us
- [in] ***ulNbrOfCycle*** : Number of timer cycle
 - 0: continuous
 - > 0: defined number of cycle
- [in] ***ulGenerateTriggerMode*** :
 - 0: Wait the time overflow to set the synchronisation trigger
 - 1: Set the synchronisation trigger by the start of the timer and after each time overflow
- [in] ***ulOption01*** : Define the source of the trigger
 - 0 : Trigger disabled
 - 1 : Enable the hardware digital input trigger
- [in] ***ulOption02*** : Define the edge of the hardware trigger who generates a trigger action
 - 1 : rising edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
 - 2 : falling edge (Only if hardware trigger selected)
 - 3 : Both front (Only if hardware trigger selected)
- [in] ***ulOption03*** : Define the number of trigger events before the action occur
 - 1 : all trigger event start the action
 - max value : 65535
- [in] ***ulOption04*** : Reserved
- [out] ***Response***
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - -2: not available time base
 - -3: timer reload value can not be greater than 65535
 - -4: minimum time reload is 5 us
 - -5: Number of cycle can not be greater than 65535
 - -6: Generate trigger mode error
 - -100: Init timer error
 - -101: Start timer error
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.26 int MXCommon__StopAndReleaseSynchroTimer (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)

Parameters

- [in] ***ulOption01*** : Reserved
- [out] ***Response***
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - -100: Start/Stop timer error

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#). May be ENOSYS : Function not implemented.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.27 int MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile (void * _, struct MXCommon__FileResponse * Response)

Parameters

[in] _ : No input parameter

[out] *Response* • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value

– 0 : success

– -1: system error (see syserrno) (see syserrno)

- sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).

- bArray : Array of Bytes of the file

- ulEOF : End of file flag

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until no more data is available. At this point the flag ulEOF is set.

Below is an example in pseudo-C.

```
int dummy;
struct MXCommon__FileResponse Response;
while(1)
{
    if ( MXCommon__GetConfigurationBackupFile(&dummy, &Response) != SOAP_OK)
    {
        // handle soap error
    }
    if (Response.iReturnValue)
    {
        // handle remote error (Response.syserrno contains more information)
    }
    // do something with the data, for example save it in a file
    write(fd, Response.bArray.__ptr, Response.bArray.__size);
    // if this is the end of the file, quit the loop
    if(Response.ulEOF)
        break;
}
*
```

4.1.2.28 `int MXCommon__ApplyConfigurationBackupFile (struct xsd__base64Binary * ByteArrayInput, xsd__unsignedLong ulEOF, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ByteArrayInput* : Array of Bytes of the file
- [in] *ulEOF* : End of file flag
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see syserrno)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

This function is designed to be called repeatedly until all data is transfered. At this point the flag ulEOF must be set to 1. The new configuration is then applied.

4.1.2.29 `int MXCommon__ChangePassword (struct xsd__base64Binary * PreviousUser, struct xsd__base64Binary * PreviousPassword, struct xsd__base64Binary * NewUser, struct xsd__base64Binary * NewPassword, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

The changes are immediately active.

Parameters

- [in] *_* : No input parameter
- [out] *Response*
 - sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: string PreviousUser is invalid
 - -2: string PreviousPassword is invalid
 - -3: string NewUser is invalid
 - -4: string NewPassword is invalid
 - -5: authentication failed
 - -100: system error while saving tokens (use syserrno for more information)
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - sArray : message returned by the auto configuration start

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

Warning

The parameters transit in clear text. Use this functionality only on trusted networks.
Given that ADDI-DATA GmbH takes security seriously, there is no way to change the password without knowing it. No "hidden back-door". This function makes it all too easy to lock a module, if you don't remember the password you set on it.

4.1.2.30 int MXCommon__GetSubSystemState (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID*, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

- [in] ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID
- [out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemID
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - Value The state of the sub-system "Id" at the moment of the execution of the request.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.31 int MXCommon__GetSubsystemIDFromName (struct xsd__base64Binary * *SubsystemName*, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

- [in] ***SubsystemName*** sub-system symbolic name.
- [out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue :Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2: invalid parameter SubsystemName
 - sResponse.syserrno : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).
 - Value The numerical ID of the sub-system "SubsystemName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.32 int MXCommon__GetStateIDFromName (xsd__unsignedLong *SubsystemID*, struct xsd__base64Binary * *StateName*, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * *Response*)

Parameters

- [in] ***SubsystemID*** sub-system numerical ID
- [in] ***StateName*** state symbolic name.
- [out] ***Response*** • sResponse.iReturnValue : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see syserrno)
 - -2: invalid parameters SubsystemID or StateName

- `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
- Value The numerical ID of the state "StateName".

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.33 `int MXCommon__GetSubsystemNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *SubsystemID* sub-system numerical ID.
- [out] *Response* • `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
- 0 : success
 - -1: system error while executing the request (see `syserrno`)
 - -2: invalid parameter `SubsystemName`
- `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - `sArray` : The symbolic name associated with the ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.34 `int MXCommon__GetStateNameFromID (xsd__unsignedLong SubsystemID, xsd__unsignedLong StateID, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *SubsystemID* sub-system numerical ID.
- [in] *StateID* sub-system numerical ID.
- [out] *Response* • `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
- 0 success
 - -1 system error while executing the request (see `syserrno`)
 - -2 invalid parameters `SubsystemID` or `StateID`
- `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Sterror\(\)](#).
 - `sArray` The symbolic name associated with the state numerical ID.

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success
otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.35 `int MXCommon__GetOptionInformation (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__ByteArrayResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulOption01*,: not used, set it to 0
- [in] *ulOption02*,: not used, set it to 0
- [out] *Response*
 - sArray : Option information string
 - sResponse Composed of iReturnValue and syserrno

Return values

- SOAP_OK* SOAP call success
- otherwise* SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.36 `int MXCommon__SetToMaster (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong ulState, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulState* State of the supermaster mode
 - **0** automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
 - **1** Set to master mode at all time. The system will always be detected as master
- [in] *ulOption01* Reserved. Set to 0
- [in] *ulOption02* Reserved. Set to 0
- [out] *Response iReturnValue*
 - **0** The remote function performed OK
 - **-1** System error occurred
 - **-2** The PLD is not working
 - **-3** The ulFilterTime parameter is wrong
 - **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of syserrno *syserrno* system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Return values

- 0** SOAP_OK
- Others* See SOAP error

4.1.2.37 `int MXCommon__GetSynchronizationStatus (void * _, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MXCommon__unsignedLongResponse * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulOption01* Reserved. Set to 0
- [in] *ulOption02* Reserved. Set to 0
- [out] *Response sResponse.iReturnValue*

- **0** The remote function performed OK
- **-1** System error occurred
- **-2** The PLD is not working
- **-100** Internal system error occurred. See value of `syserrno`

sResponse.syserrno system error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

ulValue State of the supermaster mode

- **0** Automatic mode (default). The state of the system (master or slave) will be automatically detected by the system
- **1** MSXE is always set as a master. The system will always be detected as master

Return values

0 SOAP_OK

Others See SOAP error

4.1.2.38 int MXCommon_SetFilterChannels (struct xsd__base64Binary * ChannelList, struct MXCommon_Response * Response)

Parameters

[in] *ChannelList* Each index of the array represents a channel. A filter can be affected to each channel. If `FilterID = 0`, no filter is set (the filter is disabled on the corresponding channel). e.g.: `ChannelList[0] = FilterID // Set FilterID on channel 0.`

[out] *Response*

- `sResponse.iReturnValue` : Return value
 - 0 : success
 - -1: system error (see `syserrno`)
- `sResponse.syserrno` : System-error code. The value of the libc "errno" code, see [MXCommon__Strerror\(\)](#).

Return values

SOAP_OK SOAP call success

otherwise SOAP protocol error

4.1.2.39 int MSXE351x_AnalogOutputWrite1Value (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerEdgeSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerCount, xsd__unsignedLong ulValue, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption03, struct MSXE351x_Response * Response)

Parameters

[in] *ulChannel* : Index of the analog output (0 to 7)

[in] *ulOutputType* : output type (0 for Voltage, 1 for Current, 2 system default)

[in] *ulPolarity* : output polarity (0 for unipolar, 1 for bipolar)

[in] *ulTriggerMask* : output trigger (0 for no trigger used, D0 for trigger input, D1 for synchro input)

Trigger input and Synchro input can not be used at the same time

- [in] ***ulTriggerEdgeSelection*** : not used for the synchro input
- 01 : rising front (Only if trigger input selected)
 - 10 : falling front (Only if trigger input selected)
 - 11 : Both front (Only if trigger input selected)
- [in] ***ulTriggerCount*** : not used for the synchro input
 Define the number of trigger events before the action occur
 1 : all trigger event start the action
 max value : 65535
- [in] ***ulValue*** : output value
- bipolar : (0 to 0xFFFF)
 - unipolar : (0 to 0x7FFF)
- [in] ***ulOption01*** : Reserved
- [in] ***ulOption02*** : Reserved
- [in] ***ulOption03*** : Reserved
- [out] ***Response*** :
- iReturnValue*** :
- 0: remote function performed OK
 - -1: an system error occurred
 - -2: channel selection error
 - -3: output type selection error
 - -4: polarity selection error
 - -5: trigger mask selection error
 - -6: Trigger edge selection error
 - -7: Trigger count selection error
 - -8: channel value selection error
 - -100: Write one analog output value kernel function error
- syserrno*** : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.40 **int** MSXE351x__AnalogOutputWriteMoreValues (xsd__unsignedLong *ulChannelMask*, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * *pulOutputType*, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * *pulPolarity*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerMask*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerEdgeSelection*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulTriggerCount*, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * *pulValue*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption01*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption02*, xsd__unsignedLong *ulOption03*, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLong8FixedArrayParam * *pulOption04*, struct MSXE351x__Response * *Response*)

Parameters

- [in] ***ulChannelMask*** : Mask of the channel to write (1 bit = 1 Channel)

[in] **pulOutputType** : array of output type (0 for Voltage, 1 for Current, 2 system default) for each channels

Each index of the array correspond to the channel :

sample :

- [0] : Define the voltage type for the channel 0
- [1] : Define the voltage type for the channel 1
- ...

[in] **pulPolarity** : array of output polarity (0 for unipolar, 1 for bipolar) for each channels

Each index of the array correspond to the channel :

sample :

- [0] : Define the polarity for the channel 0
- [1] : Define the polarity for the channel 1
- ...

[in] **ulTriggerMask** : output trigger (0 for no trigger used, D0 for trigger input, D1 for synchro input)

[in] **ulTriggerEdgeSelection** : not used for the synchro input

- 01 : rising front (Only if trigger input selected)
- 10 : falling front (Only if trigger input selected)
- 11 : Both front (Only if trigger input selected)

[in] **ulTriggerCount** : not used for the synchro input

Define the number of trigger events before the action occur

1 : all trigger event start the action

max value : 65535

[in] **pulValue** : array of output value for each channels

- bipolar : (0 to 0xFFFF)
- unipolar : (0 to 0x7FFF)

Each index of the array correspond to the channel :

sample :

- [0] : Define the value for the channel 0
- [1] : Define the value for the channel 1
- ...

[in] **ulOption01** : Reserved

[in] **ulOption02** : Reserved

[in] **ulOption03** : Reserved

[in] **pulOption04** : array of Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -2: channel selection error
- -3: output type selection error
- -4: polarity selection error
- -5: trigger mask selection error
- -6: Trigger edge selection error

- -7: Trigger count selection error
- -8: channel value selection error
- -100: Write more analog output value kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.41 int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatus (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__AnalogOutputGetStatusResponse * Response)

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* : Reserved

[out] *Response* :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -100: Get analog output status kernel function error

ulStatus : Status information

- 0: ready to receive a new value
- 1: waiting for a trigger
- 2: output not available (diagnose problem or other conditions hindering normal functions)

ulInfo : reserved

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.42 int MSXE351x__GeneratorInitSamplingRate (xsd__unsignedLong ulSelection, xsd__unsignedLong ulPrescaler, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)

Parameters

[in] *ulSelection* : Sampling rate selection.

- 0 : 20kHz
- 1 : 40kHz
- 2 : Synchro trigger
- 3 : High hardware trigger edge
- 4 : Low hardware trigger edge
- 5 : High/Low hardware trigger edge

[in] *ulPrescaler* : Prescaler selection (1 to 65535). Not available for the 20kHz and 40kHz selection.

[in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
 [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
 [out] *Response* :
 iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Selection wrong
- -3: Prescaller selection wrong
- -4: Any generator in progress. Can not change this
- -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.43 `int MSXE351x_GeneratorInitSingle (xsd_unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd_unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd_unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd_unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd_unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd_unsignedLong ulStopState, struct UnsignedLongArray * pulDatas, struct UnsignedShortArray * puDatas, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulChannel* : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)
 [in] *ulOutputType* : Output type selection

- 0 : Voltage
- 1 : Current
- 2 : System default

 [in] *ulPolarity* : Polarity selection

- 0 : Unipolar
- 1 : Bipolar (Only available for the voltage mode)

 [in] *ulCycleNbr*,: Determine the number of cycle(s). 0 for infinity.
 [in] *ulFixedSteps* : 0 to 65535. If not 0 then this value determine the common time step value for each analog value otherwise for each value you can determine the time step.

- If fixed steps selected then the pulData is a **unsigned short** array.
- If not fixed steps selected then the pulData is a **unsigned long** array. Each high word set the time step and each low set word the analog value.

 [in] *ulGateTriggerMask* : Required hardware action to start the generator.

- 0 : No hardware action required to start the generator.
- 1 : Hardware trigger action required to start the generator.
- 2 : Synchro input action required to start the generator. First trigger start the generator

 [in] *ulGateTriggerMode* : Only for the hardware trigger action.

- 001 (1) : Rising front start the generator (trigger action).
- 010 (2) : Falling front start the generator (trigger action).
- 011 (3) : Both front start the generator (trigger action).
- 101 (5) : High level start the generator (gate action).
- 110 (6) : Low level start the generator (gate action).

[in] **ulStopState** : Gnerator output stop state selection.

- 00 (0) : The output keep the state.
- 01 (1) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values.
- 10 (2) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after a software stop command
- 11 (3) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values or a software stop command

[in] **pulDdatas** : Used for the not fixed time step.

__size: Determine the number of values.

__ptr : Analog values array. Each array element contain the step value (high word) and the analog value (low word).

__offset: Resereved. Set to 0.

[in] **puDdatas** : Used for the fixed time step.

__size: Determine the number of values.

__ptr : Analog values array. Each array element contain the analog value.

__offset: Resereved. Set to 0.

[in] **ulOption01** : Reserved

[in] **ulOption02** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -3: Output type selection wrong
- -4: Polarity selection wrong
- -5: Operating mode selection wrong
- -6: Data number selection wrong
- -8: Cycle number selection wrong
- -9: Fixed steps selection wrong
- -10: Gate/Trigger mask selection wrong
- -11: Gate/Trigger mode selection wrong
- -13: Stop state selection wrong
- -15: Analog value wrong
- -16: Time step value wrong
- -100 : Kernel function error **syserrno** : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.44 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorInitContinuous (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulMinDataNbr, xsd__unsignedLong ulFixedSteps, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStartMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd__unsignedLong ulDataSrc, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Use the MSXE351x__GeneratorWriteData or data server to write the values

Parameters

- [in] ***ulChannel*** : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)
- [in] ***ulOutputType*** : Output type selection
 - 0 : Voltage
 - 1 : Current
 - 2 : System default
- [in] ***ulPolarity*** : Polarity selection
 - 0 : Unipolar
 - 1 : Bipolar (Only available for the voltage mode)
- [in] ***ulMinDataNbr*** : Determine the number of analogue value before start the ganarator.
- [in] ***ulFixedSteps*** : 0 to 65535. If not 0 then this value determine the common time step value for each analog value otherwise for each value you can determine the time step.
 - If fixed steps selected then the data to transfer is a **unsigned short** array.
 - If not fixed steps selected then data to transfer is a **unsigned long** array. Each high word set the time step and each low set word the analog value.
- [in] ***ulGateTriggerMask*** : Required hardware action to start the generator.
 - 0 : No hardware action required to start the generator.
 - 1 : Hardware trigger action required to start the generator.
 - 2 : Synchro input action required to start the generator. First trigger start the generator
- [in] ***ulGateTriggerMode*** : Only for the hardware trigger action.
 - 001 (1) : Rising front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 010 (2) : Falling front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 011 (3) : Both front start the generator (trigger action).
 - 101 (5) : High level start the generator (gate action).
 - 110 (6) : Low level start the generator (gate action).
- [in] ***ulStartMode*** : Start mode.
 - 0 : Each generator start separately
 - 1 : All generators started at the same time
- [in] ***ulStopState*** : Gnerator output stop state selection.
 - 00 (0) : The output keep the state.
 - 01 (1) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values.
 - 10 (2) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after a software stop command
 - 11 (3) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values or a software stop command
- [in] ***ulDataSrc*** : Determine the data source.
 - 1 : Receive analogue outputs datas via SOAP functions

- 2 : Receive analgue outputs datas via the data server

[in] **ulOption01** : Reserved

[in] **ulOption02** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel selection wrong
 - -3: Output type selection wrong
 - -4: Polarity selection wrong
 - -7: Min data number selection wrong
 - -9: Fixed steps selection wrong
 - -10: Gate/Trigger mask selection wrong
 - -11: Gate/Trigger mode selection wrong
 - -12: Start mode selection wrong
 - -13: Stop state selection wrong
 - -14: Data source selection wrong
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- syserrno** : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.45 `int MSXE351x_GeneratorInitFormula (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, xsd__unsignedLong ulOutputType, xsd__unsignedLong ulPolarity, xsd__unsignedLong ulCycleNbr, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeSteps, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulGateTriggerMode, xsd__unsignedLong ulStopState, xsd__long lXStartValue, xsd__long lXEndValue, struct xsd__base64Binary * pFormula, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x_GeneratorInitFormulaResponse * Response)`

Parameters

[in] **ulChannel** : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)

[in] **ulOutputType** : Output type selection

- 0 : Voltage
- 1 : Current
- 2 : System default

[in] **ulPolarity** : Polarity selection

- 0 : Unipolar
- 1 : Bipolar (Only available for the voltage mode)

[in] **ulCycleNbr,;** Determine the number of cycle(s). 0 for infinity.

[in] **ulTimeSteps** : 1 to 65535. This value determine the time step for each analog value.

[in] **ulGateTriggerMask** : Required hardware action to start the generator.

- 0 : No hardware action required to start the generator.
- 1 : Hardware trigger action required to start the generator.
- 2 : Synchro input action required to start the generator. First trigger start the generator

[in] ***ulGateTriggerMode*** : Only for the hardware trigger action.

- 001 (1) : Rising front start the generator (trigger action).
- 010 (2) : Falling front start the generator (trigger action).
- 011 (3) : Both front start the generator (trigger action).
- 101 (5) : High level start the generator (gate action).
- 110 (6) : Low level start the generator (gate action).

[in] ***ulStopState*** : Gnerator output stop state selection.

- 00 (0) : The output keep the state.
- 01 (1) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values.
- 10 (2) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after a software stop command
- 11 (3) : The output is set to 0V/0mA after write all values or a software stop command

[in] ***lXStartValue*** : Start value from X

[in] ***lXEndValue*** : End value from X

[in] ***pFormula*** : Formula for the signal generation

__size: Determine the formula string length + 1 for the null character.

__ptr : Formula string pointer

__offset: Resereved. Set to 0.

[in] ***ulOption01*** : Reserved

[in] ***ulOption02*** : Reserved

[out] ***Response*** :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Channel selection wrong
- -3: Output type selection wrong
- -4: Polarity selection wrong
- -5: Operating mode selection wrong
- -6: Data number selection wrong
- -7: Min data number selection wrong
- -8: Cycle number selection wrong
- -9: Steps selection wrong
- -10: Gate/Trigger mask selection wrong
- -11: Gate/Trigger mode selection wrong
- -13: Stop state selection wrong
- -15: Analog value wrong
- -16: Steps selection wrong
- -20: lXEndValue - lXStartValue to big
- -21: Formula interpretation error. More informations via sError
- -22: Internal error

- -100 : Kernel function error
- sError* : If error -21 then return the error message
- sError.__size*: Return the error message string length + 1 for the null character.
- sError.__ptr* : Return the error message. *sError.__offset*: Resereved. return 0. *ulErrorStartPos* : If error -21 return the start position in pFormula for the error identification
- ulErrorEndPos* : If error -21 return the end position in pcFormula for the error identification
- sResponse.syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.46 `int MSXE351x_GeneratorWriteDataWithSteps (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedLongArray * pDatas, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse * Response)`

Only for the continuous mode.

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannel* : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)
- [in] *pDatas* :
- __size*: Determine the number of values.
 - __ptr* : Analog values array. Each array element contain the step value (high word) and the analog value (low word).
 - __offset*: Resereved. Set to 0.
- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
- sResponse.iReturnValue* :
- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel selection wrong
 - -3: Data source wrong
 - -4: Data number wrong
 - -5: Analog value wrong
 - -6: Time step value wrong
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- ulValue* : Number of write analog output values
- sResponse.syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.47 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorWriteDataWithoutSteps (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannel, struct UnsignedShortArray * pDdatas, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__unsignedLongResponse * Response)`

Only for the continuous mode.

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannel* : Analog output generator channel selection (0 to 7)
- [in] *pDdatas* :
 - __size*: Determine the number of values.
 - __ptr* : Analog values array. Each array element contain the analog value.
 - __offset*: Resereved. Set to 0.
- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
 - sResponse.iReturnValue* :
 - 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel selection wrong
 - -3: Data source wrong
 - -4: Data number wrong
 - -5: Analog value wrong
 - -6: Time step value wrong
 - -100 : Kernel function error
 - ulValue* : Number of write analog output values
 - sResponse.syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.48 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannelMask* : Channel mask of analog outputs channels. 0 for start all initialised generators.
- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
 - iReturnValue* :
 - 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)

- -2: Channel mask selection wrong
 - -3: Any generator(s) not initialised
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.49 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStop (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannelMask* : Channel mask of analog outputs channels. 0 for start all started generators.
- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
- iReturnValue* :
- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Channel mask selection wrong
 - -3: Any generator(s) not initialised
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.50 `int MSXE351x__GeneratorStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulChannelMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption01, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption02, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

This is necessary for make any single write value access.

Parameters

- [in] *ulChannelMask* : Channel mask of analog outputs channels. 0 for start all started generators.
- [in] *ulOption01* : Reserved
- [in] *ulOption02* : Reserved
- [out] *Response* :
- iReturnValue* :
- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)

- -2: Channel mask selection wrong
 - -3: Any generator(s) not initialised
 - -100 : Kernel function error
- syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.51 `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnostic (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__AnalogOutputDiagnosticResponse * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* : Reserved

[out] *Response* :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -2: channel selection error
- -100: Get diagnostic information kernel function error

ulOverTemperature : over temperature mask information (each bit correspond to one channel)

- 0: no over temperature detected,
- 1: over temperature detected

ulShortCircuitOROpenLoad : short circuit/open load mask information (each bit correspond to one channel)

- 0: no short-circuit/open-load detected,
- 1: short circuit detected

ulInfo : reserved

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

Note

: that the output is in short-circuit or open-load state depends of its current configuration

4.1.2.52 `int MSXE351x__AnalogOutputRearmDiagnostic (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulOption* : Reserved

[out] *Response* :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
 - -1: an system error occurred
 - -100: Rearm diagnostic kernel function error
- syserrno* : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.53 `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogInitAndStart (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulMaster, xsd__unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd__unsignedLong ulDelay, xsd__unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd__unsignedLong ulHardwareTriggerEdge, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

- [in] *ulWatchdog* : Watchdog index.
- [in] *ulMaster* : Only for watchdog 0.
1: Master watchdog. Watchdog 0 used for all channels
- [in] *ulTimebase* : Time base selection
- 0: micro s
 - 1: ms
 - 2: s
- [in] *ulDelay* : 1 to 65535: Watchdog delay time
- [in] *ulTriggerMask* : Trigger source
- 1 : Write DA access
 - 2 : Software trigger
 - 4 : Hardware trigger
 - 8 : Synchro trigger
- [in] *ulHardwareTriggerEdge* :
- 1 : Rising edge
 - 2 : Falling edge
 - 3 : Both front
- [in] *ulOption1* : Reserved. Set to 0
- [in] *ulOption2* : Reserved. Set to 0
- [out] *Response* :
- iReturnValue* :
- 0: OK
 - -1: Means an system error occurred (check errno in this case)
 - -2: Wrong watchdog index.
 - -3: Wrong time base.
 - -4: Wrong delay.
 - -5: Wrong master configuration.
 - -6: Wrong trigger mask.

- -7: Wrong hardware trigger edge.
- -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.54 `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulWatchdog* : Watchdog index.

[in] *ulOption1* : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] *ulOption2* : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] *Response* :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error ocured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Wrong watchdog index.
- -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.55 `int MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValue (xsd__unsignedLong ulWatchdog, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd__unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x__SingleWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulWatchdog* : Watchdog index.

[in] *ulOption1* : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] *ulOption2* : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] *Response* :

sResponse.iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error ocured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Wrong watchdog index.
- -100 : Kernel function error

ulStatus : Watchdog status

- 0: Disabled
- 1: Running
- 2: Disabled and run down
- 3: Enabled and run down

ulValue : Current watchdog down counter value (0 to 65535)

ulInfo : reserved

sResponse.syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.56 `int MSXE351x_WatchdogsTrigger (xsd_unsignedLong ulTriggerMask, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x_Response * Response)`

This only if running and software trigger initialised

Parameters

[in] *ulTriggerMask* : Watchdog trigger mask. 0 for all running watchdog(s).

[in] *ulOption1* : Reserved. Set to 0

[in] *ulOption2* : Reserved. Set to 0

[out] *Response* :

iReturnValue :

- 0: OK
- -1: Means an system error occured (check errno in this case)
- -2: Watchdog mask selection wrong
- -3: Any watchdog(s) not running
- -100 : Kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.57 `int MSXE351x_IOWatchdogInitAndStart (xsd_unsignedLong ulTimeBase, xsd_unsignedLong ulTimeValue, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption1, xsd_unsignedLong ulOption2, struct MSXE351x_Response * Response)`

Parameters

[in] *ulTimeBase* : Time base of the watchdog delay (0 for mus, 1 for ms, 2 for s)

[in] *ulTimeValue* : Time base of the watchdog delay (0 to 0xFFFFF)

[in] *ulOption1* : Reserved

[in] *ulOption2* : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -2: time base selection error
- -3: time value selection error
- -100: Init and start analog output watchdog kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.58 int MSXE351x__IOWatchdogStopAndRelease (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__Response * Response)

Parameters

[in] **ulOption** : reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -100: Stop and release analog output watchdog kernel function error

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

4.1.2.59 int MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValue (xsd__unsignedLong ulOption, struct MSXE351x__IOWatchdogGetStatusAndValueResponse * Response)

Parameters

[in] **ulOption** : Reserved

[out] **Response** :

iReturnValue :

- 0: remote function performed OK
- -1: an system error occurred
- -2: channel selection error
- -100: Get diagnostic information kernel function error

ulStatus : current status information

- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX0: is stopped,
- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX1: is running,

- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX0X: is not run down
- BIN XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXXXX XXXXXXXX1X: is run down

ulValue : current value information (0 to 0xFFFF)

ulInfo : reserved

syserrno : system-error code (the value of the libc "errno" code)

Returns

- 0: SOAP_OK
- <> 0: See SOAP error

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